## BI 358 Active Learning Questions Lecture 9

1.	What is percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA)? When is PCTA used? Is it viewed as invasive or non-invasive and why? What is the function of PCTA?
2.	What is a <i>stent</i> ? When is it used and in conjunction with <i>what other technique</i> ? What is a drug-eluting stent? What is its <i>function</i> ?
3.	What is TAVR? When is TAVR used? What is its function?
4.	Compare and contrast the <i>Conventional Model</i> with the <i>Glagov Model</i> for the development of atherosclerotic plaque. Draw a simple sketch below that indicates your knowledge of the differences between these two models. What are atheroma <i>shoulder regions</i> ? What is <i>acute coronary syndrome</i> ? What does <i>IVUS</i> stand for? What does <i>IVUS</i> account for that standard coronary <i>angiography</i> cannot account for in coronary arteries?
5.	What is <i>PCSK9</i> ? How is it involved in the expression of <i>LDL receptors</i> ? What happens to <i>LDL receptors</i> when <i>PSCK9</i> is inhibited using monoclonal antibodies?