

### APWT Quiz Bowl, Group Competition

1. Which of the following is the *study or science of structure*, that primarily identifies macroscopic structures and asks questions about *what* and *where*?

a. Physiology b. Anatomy c. Histology d. Biology

#### 2. Abduction is an action that

- a. decreases a joint angle.
- b. increases a joint angle.
- c. moves a limb away from the midline of the body.

d. moves a limb toward the midline of the body.

- 3. Weight training is *least likely to induce substantial improvements* in which of the following components of *health-related fitness*?
  - a. Cardiorespiratory endurance
  - b. Flexibility
  - c. Muscular strength & local muscular endurance
  - d. % Body fat
  - e. Neuromuscular relaxation

4. Which exercise pair best demonstrates superior-inferior balance?

a. Leg ext-Leg curl b. Bench press-Squat c. Biceps curl-triceps ext d. a.,b.& c.

#### **APWT Quiz Bowl, Group Competition**

5. Which muscle groups are *worked extensively by the squat,* but *not* by the *leg press*?

a. Gluteal group b. Quadriceps c. Adductors d. Erector spinae

- 6. Why use soft knees or bend the knees for all standing exercises?
  a. To decrease tautness of the iliopsoas group.
  b. To prevent tugging on the lumbar spine.
  c. To decrease stress on vertebral column ligaments.
  d. To protect the lower back.
  e. All of the above are correct.
- Which of the following single-joint action exercises is best for working the pectoral group and eliminates the triceps brachii?
   a. Lat pull b. Chest fly c. Military press d. Bench press

8. The *Bodybuilder's Syndrome* is a disproportionate focus on the development of which muscle regions?

a. Posterior-Inferior b. Anterior-Superior c. Anterior-Posterior d. Superior-Inferior

9. Which exercise best isolates the *soleus*?

a. Russian dead lift b. Straight-knee calf raise c. Bent-knee calf raise d. Lunge

10. Which grip is best for isolating the latissimus dorsi muscles?

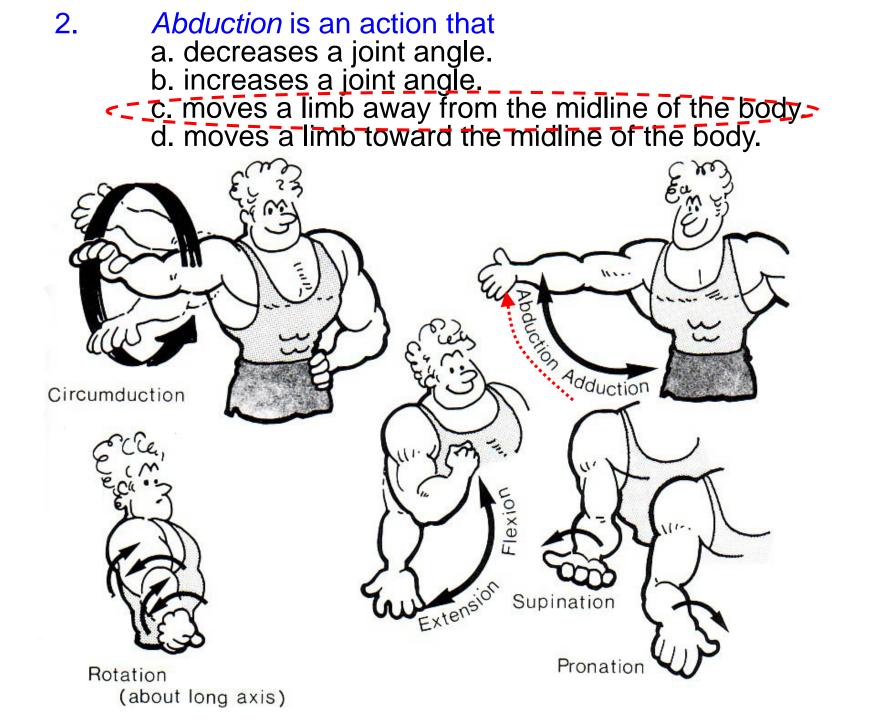
a. Supinated wide b. Pronated shoulder-width c. Alternate wide d. Pronated wide

1. Which of the following is the study or science of structure...? a. Physiology b. Anatomy c. Histology d. Biology ANATOMY VS PHYSIOLOGY STRUCTURE VS FUNCTION WHAT? VS HOW? WHERE? VS WHY?



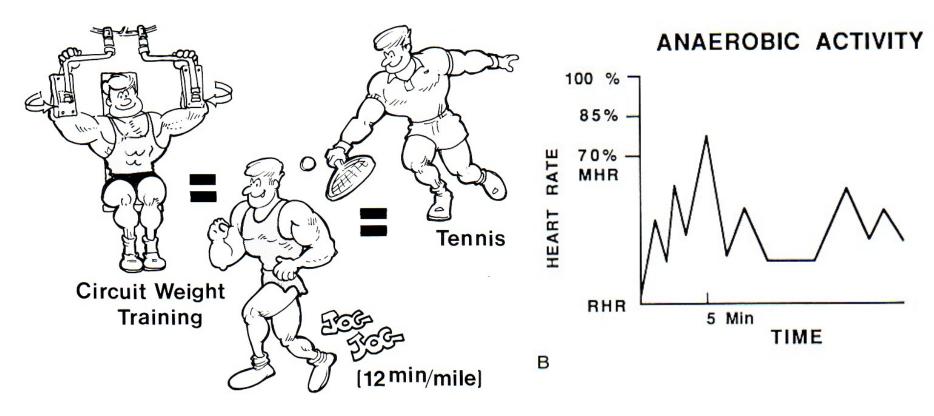






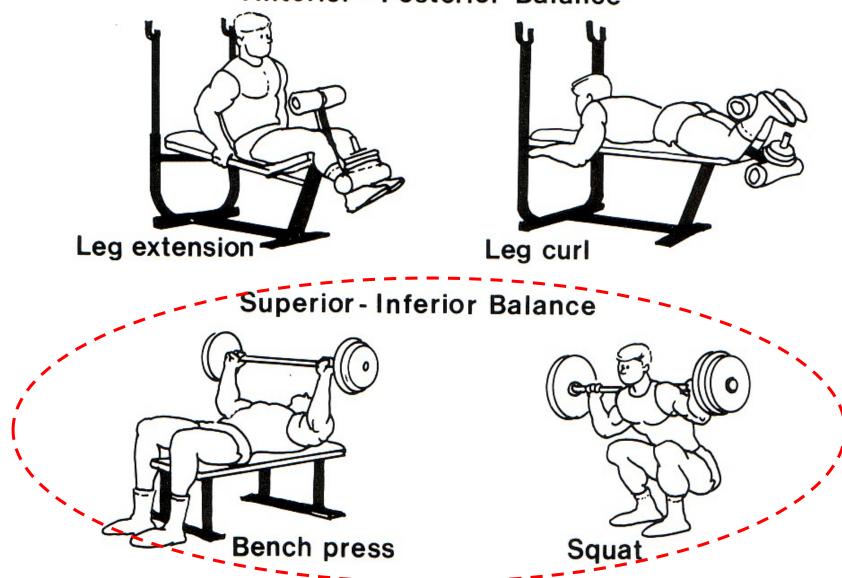
3. Weight training is *least likely to induce substantial improvements* in which of the following components of *health-related fitness*?

- a. Cardiorespiratory endurance
- < b. Flexibility
  - c. Muscular strength & local muscular endurance
  - d. % Body fat
  - e. Neuromuscular relaxation



4.Which exercise pair best demonstrates Superior-Inferior balance? a. Leg ext-Leg curl (b. Bench press-Squat) c. Biceps curl-triceps ext d. a.,b.& c.

Anterior - Posterior Balance

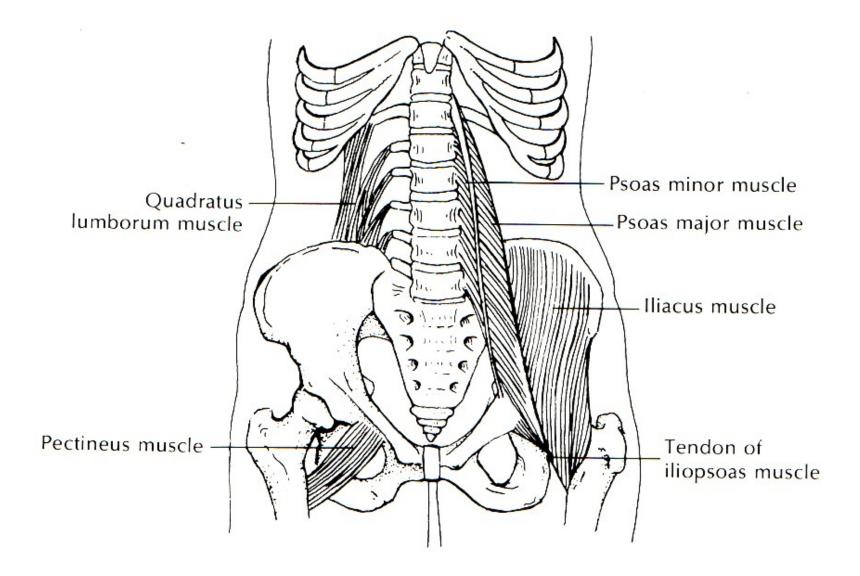


5. Which muscle groups are *worked extensively by the squat*, but *not* by the leg press? b. Quadriceps c. Adductors d. Erector spinae a. Gluteal group Leg Press Hip Gluteal group Thigh front Quadriceps back Hamstrings inside Adductors

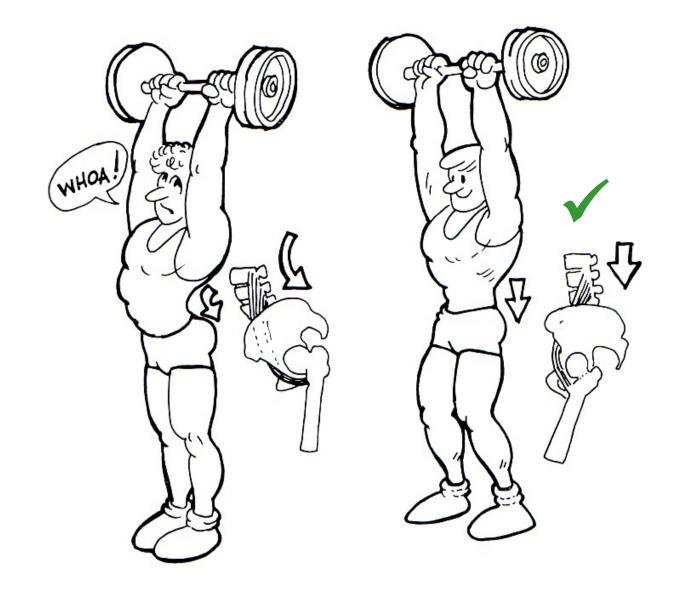
- Lower back

- 6. Why use *soft knees* or *bend the knees* for all standing exercises?
  - a. To decrease tautness of the iliopsoas group.
  - b. To prevent tugging on the lumbar spine.
  - c. To decrease stress on vertebral column ligaments.
  - d. To protect the lower back.
  - e. All of the above are correct.

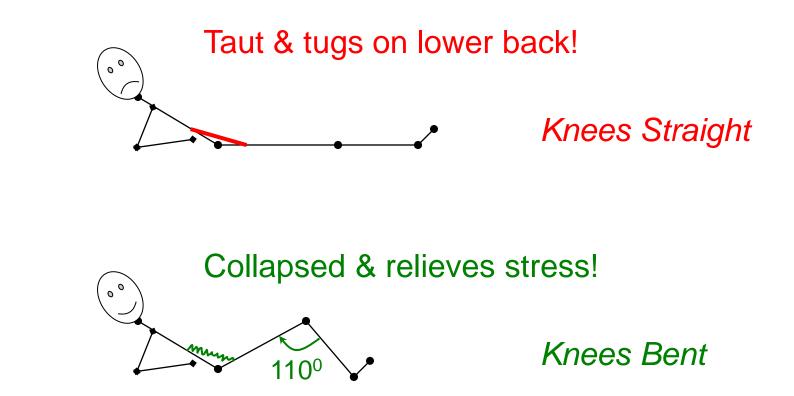
#### ↓ Lower back stress by flexing hips & bending knees



# Contract abdominals, bend knees, widen stance to reduce back stress!



## Iliopsoas with Knees Straight vs. Bent?



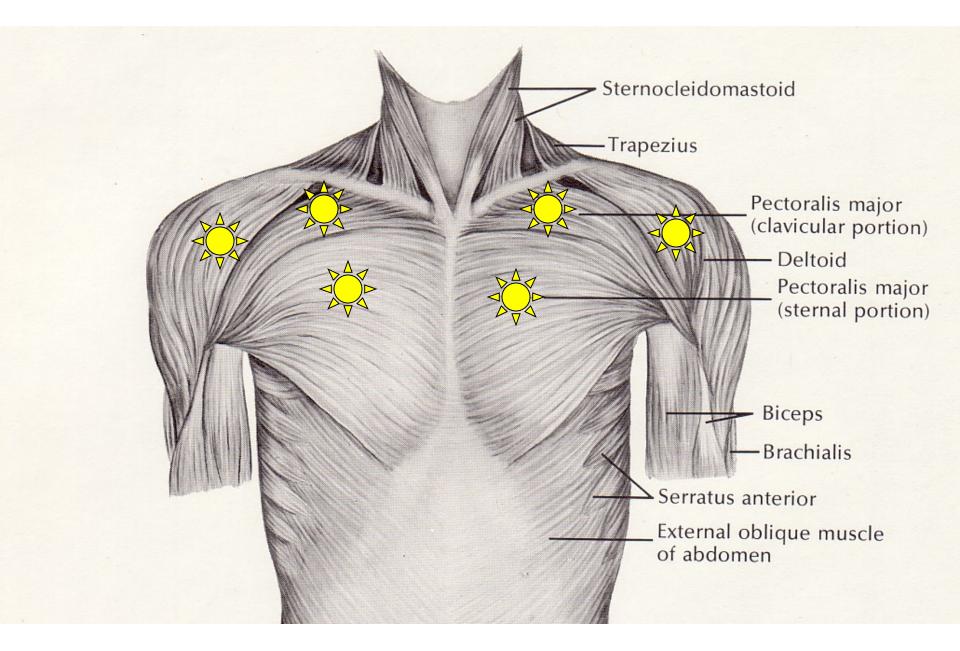
Hip Flexors? *Iliopsoas, rectus femoris, sartorius* Feet Anchored vs. *Unanchored*? *Unanchored*  7. Which of the following single-joint action exercises is best for working the pectoral group and eliminates the triceps brachii?
a. Lat pull (b. Chest fly) c. Military press d. Bench press



## Chest Fly

Pectoral group Anterior deltoid

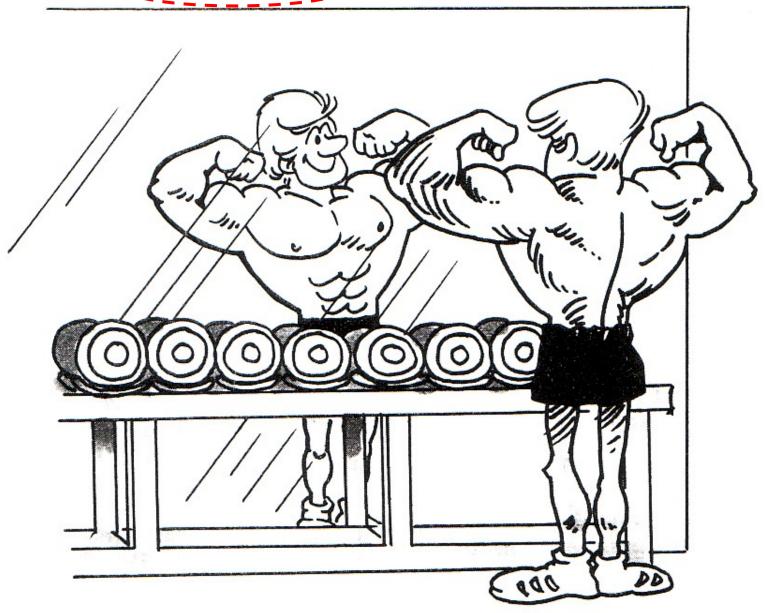


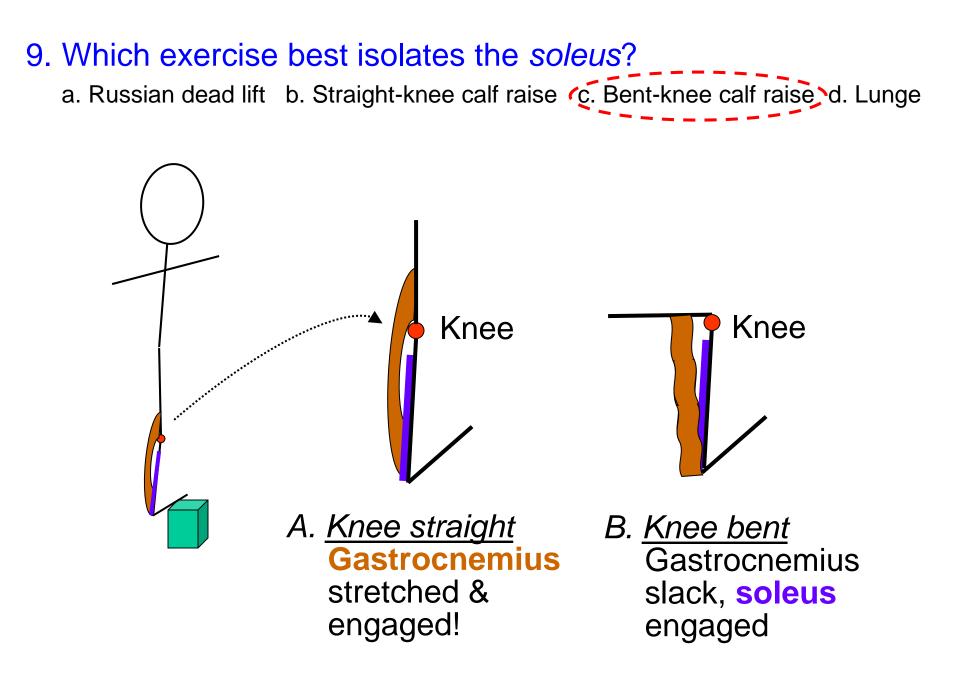


#### Correct Fly Techique: Hug the Oak Tree!!



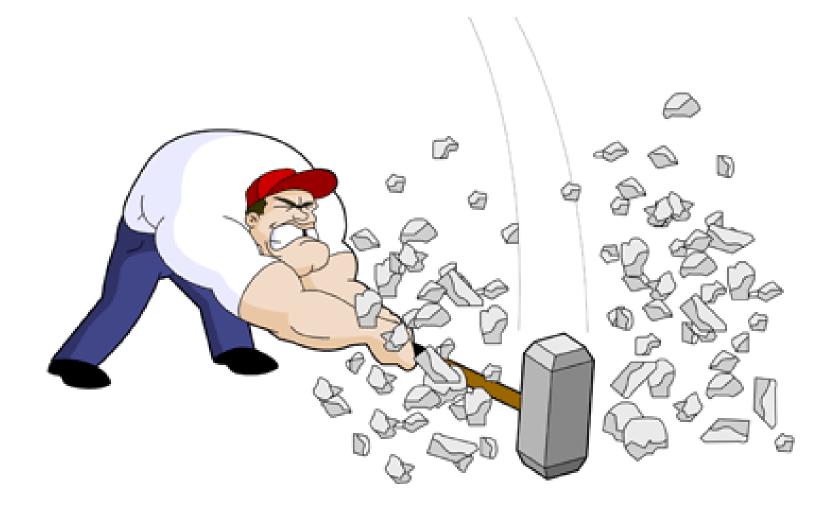
## 8. The Bodybuilder's Syndrome is a disproportionate focus on the a. Posterior-Inferior (b. Anterior-Superior) c. Anterior-Posterior d. Superior-Inferior





#### 10. Which grip is best for isolating the latissimus dorsi muscles?

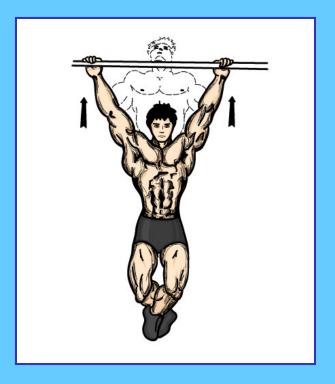
a. Supinated wide b. Pronated shoulder-width, c. Alternate wide d. Pronated wide



## Shoulder-width grip → more Latissiumus dorsi



## <u>Wider grip</u> → more Rhomboids, middle Trapezius



#### Rhomboid muscles include Major & minor

