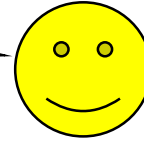


BI 121 Lecture 11

Personal data I can use for a lifetime!!



Heck yeah!

- I. Announcements **Blood Chemistry Lab today!** Fun!!
Personal data!!! If you haven't already done so, please review Lab 5 in LM & in e-mail. Thanks! Q from last t?
- II. **Safety & Techniques Review for Blood Chem Lab** Q?
- III. **Endocrine Connections** Peripheral endocrine organs
DC pp 109-13, LS pp 513-36
 - A. Pancreas (insulin – glucagon see-saw!)
 - B. Thyroid
 - C. Adrenals
- IV. **Introduction to the Nervous System** LS ch 5, DC Module 9
 - A. Organization? LS fig 5-1 DC p 67
 - B. Neurons? What kind? Classes? Velocity? LS fig 5-2, 5-4
 - C. Myelin? How does it help? DC fig 9-3, LS pp 83-5
 - D. Brain structure & function DC fig 9-6 thru 9-10 pp 71-5+...
 - E. **Protect your head with a helmet!** Bicycle head injury statistics *NHTSA & BHSI, 2013 & 2014*

No food, drink or gum in lab today! Thanks sincerely!



...Healthy, tasty & fresh, but not in lab!!



PREPARATION



WASH & DRY



ALCOHOL



SAMPLE+TESTS



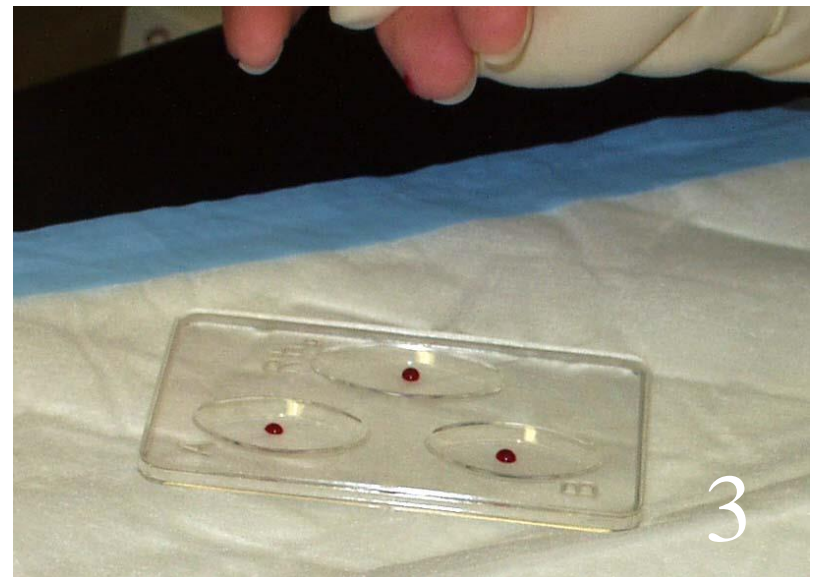
1

OBTAIN μ SAMPLE



2

BLOOD GLUCOSE



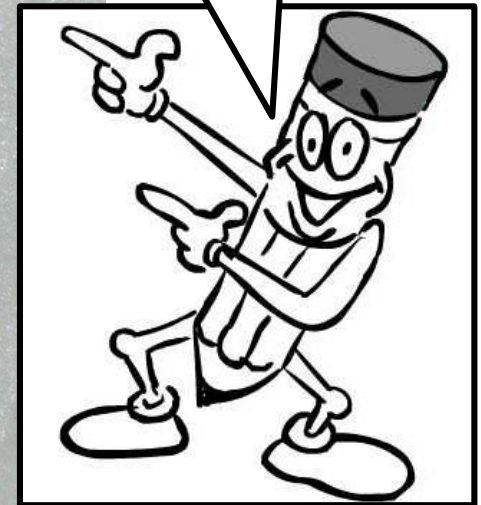
3

BLOOD TYPING

Glucose:
Sugar in Blood



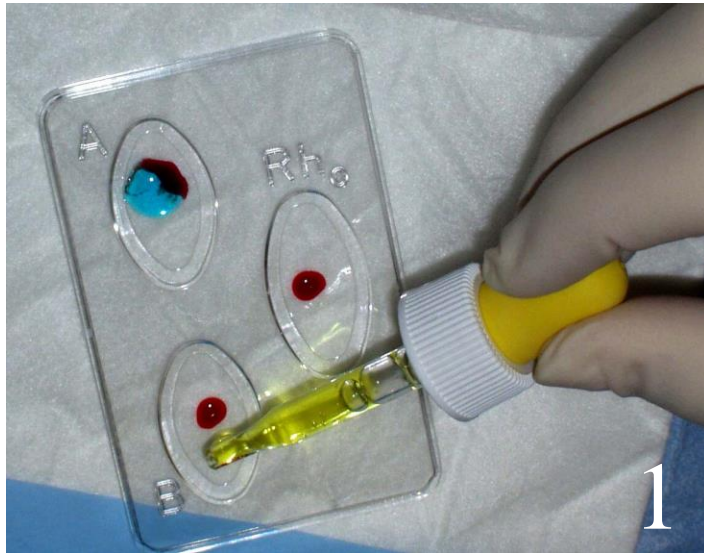
**NB: Read
& Record!**



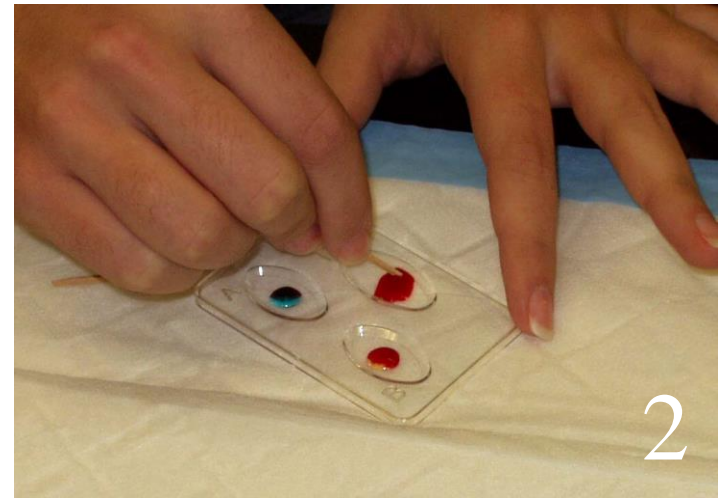
Normal: 70-99
Pre-Diabetes: 100-125
Diabetes: \geq 126 mg/dL

<https://doihaveprediabetes.org/>

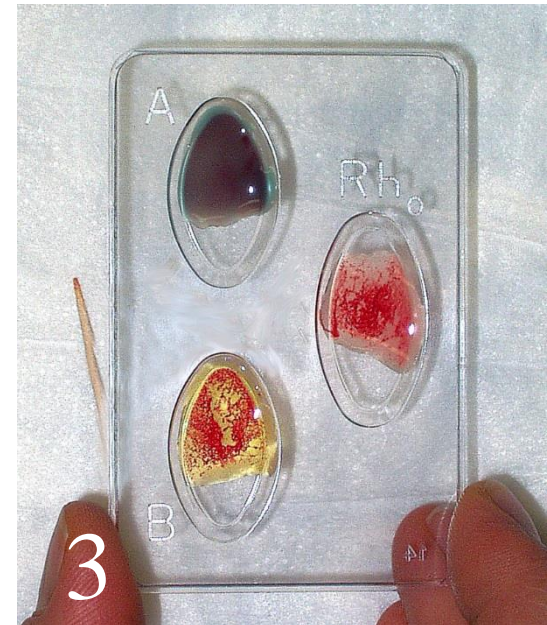
BLOOD TYPING



ADD ANTISERA



MIX W/TOOTHPICKS



READ & RECORD!!

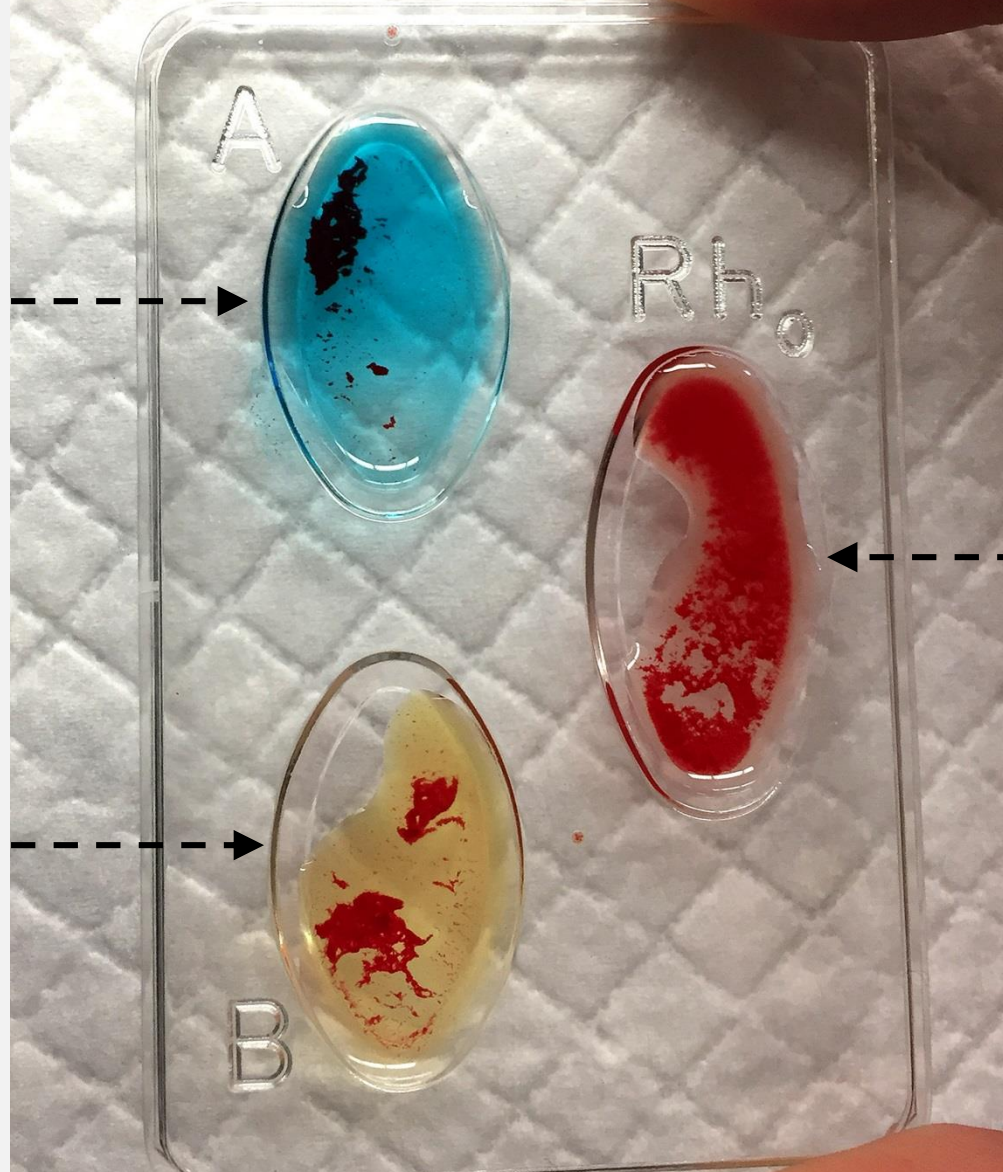
1^o Q? Clumping in Any Wells?

Type AB+

Here?

Here?

Here?



CLEAN-UP!



FOLD DIAPER



BLOOD PRODUCTS



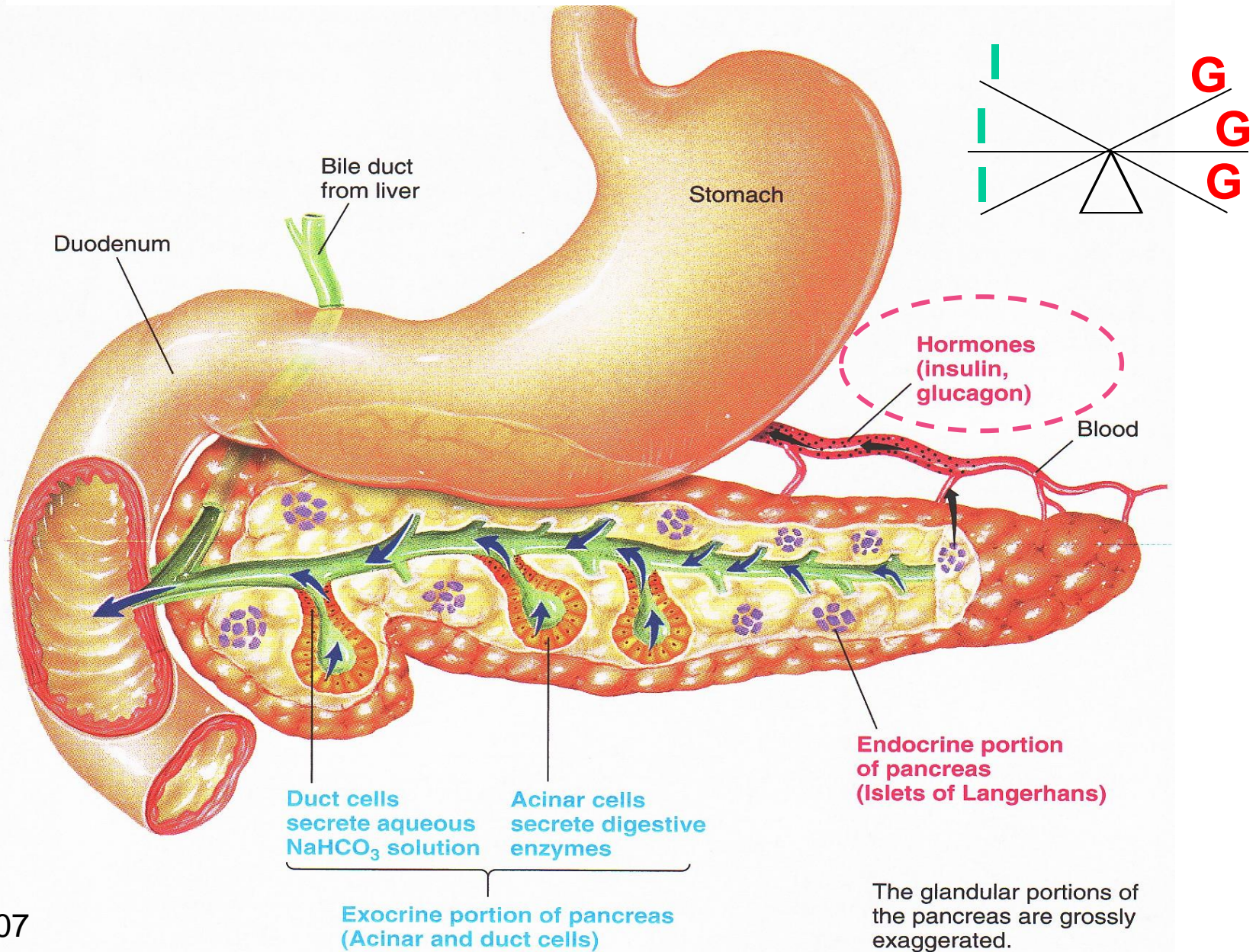
REWASH!!

Blood Chem Lab Q?



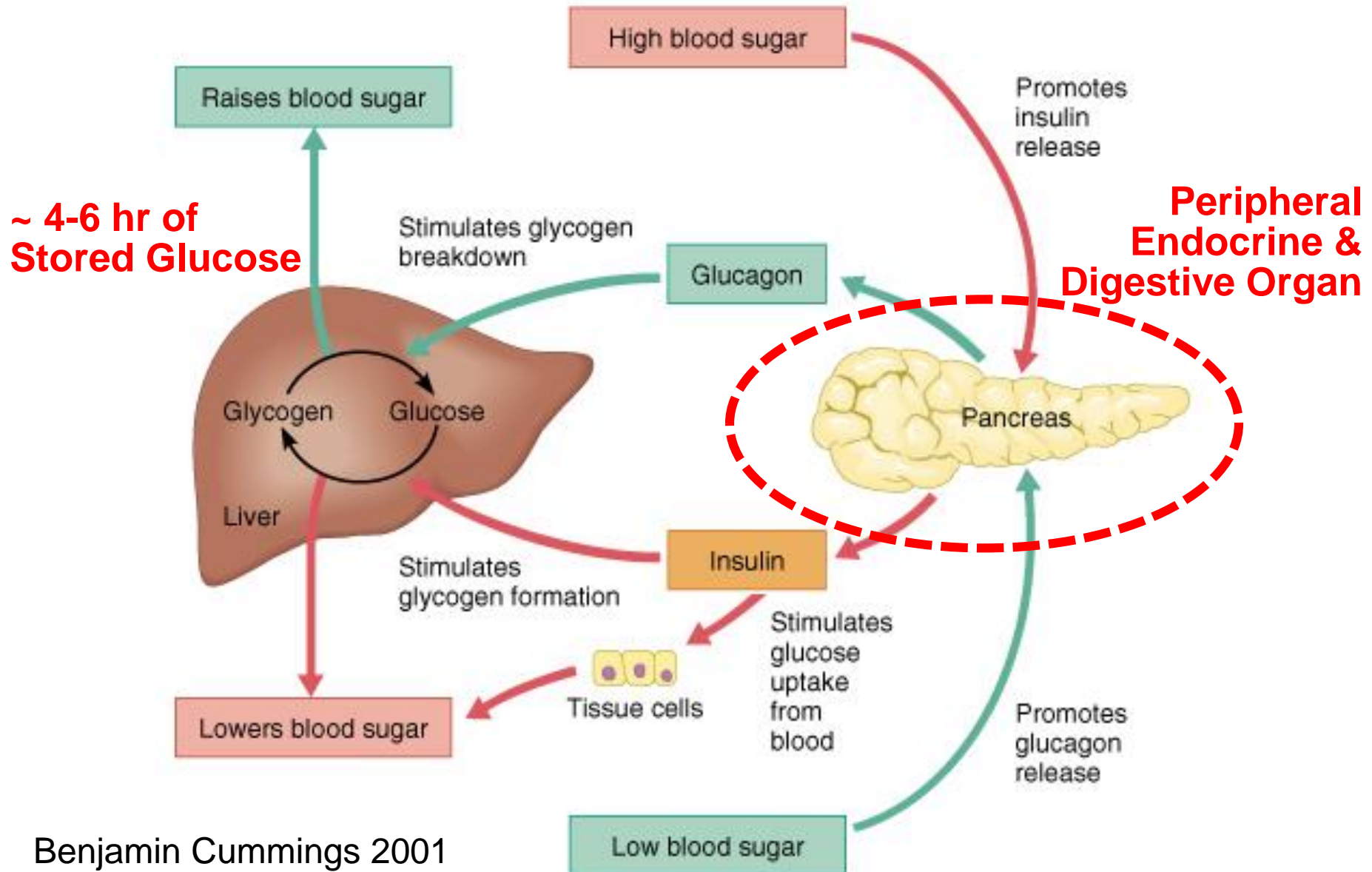
Endocrine Pancreas: Insulin (I) & Glucagon (G)

See-Saw Hormones in Regulating Blood Glucose



The glandular portions of the pancreas are grossly exaggerated.

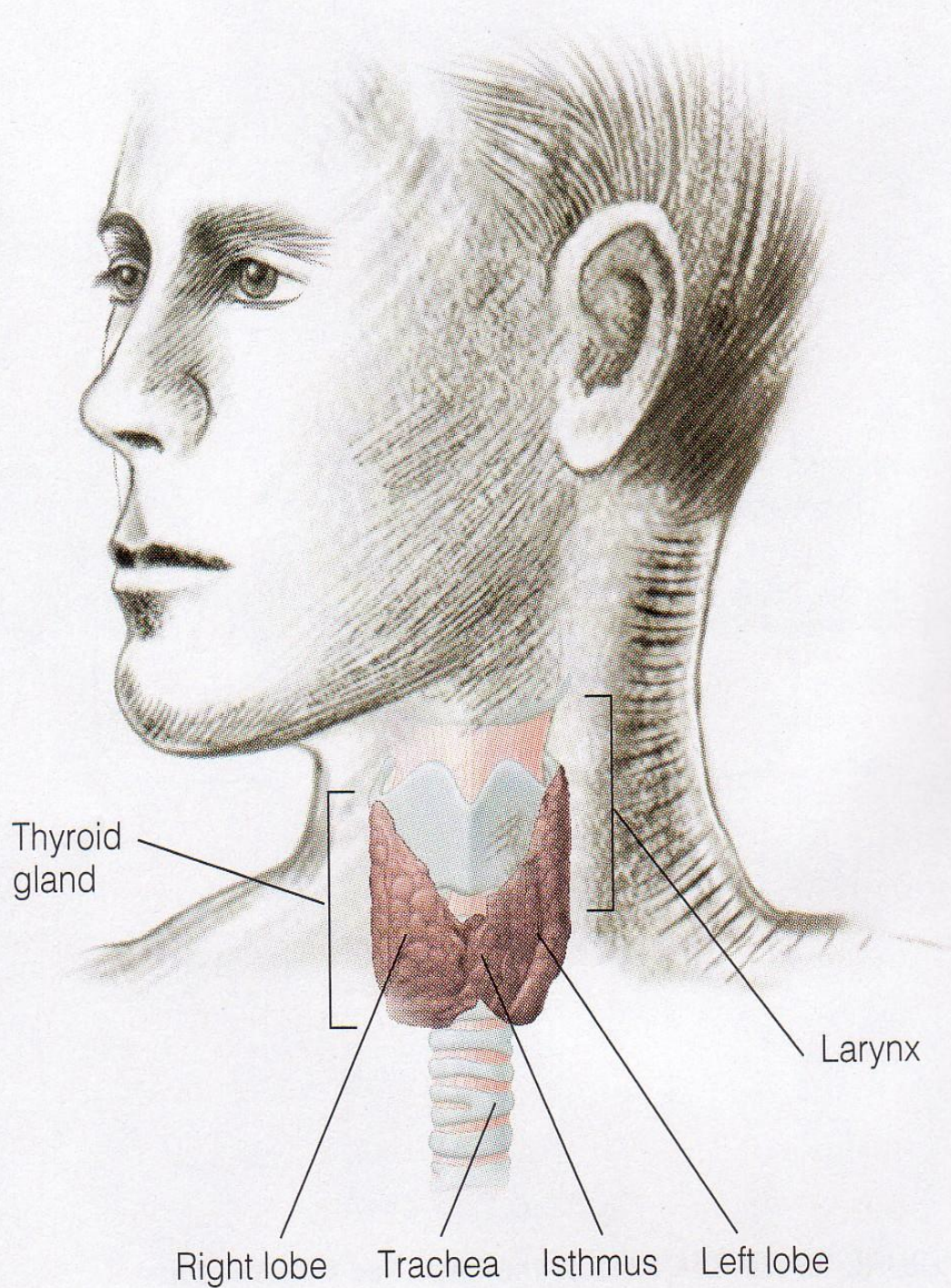
Insulin Stores Sugar, Glucagon Mobilizes Sugar!

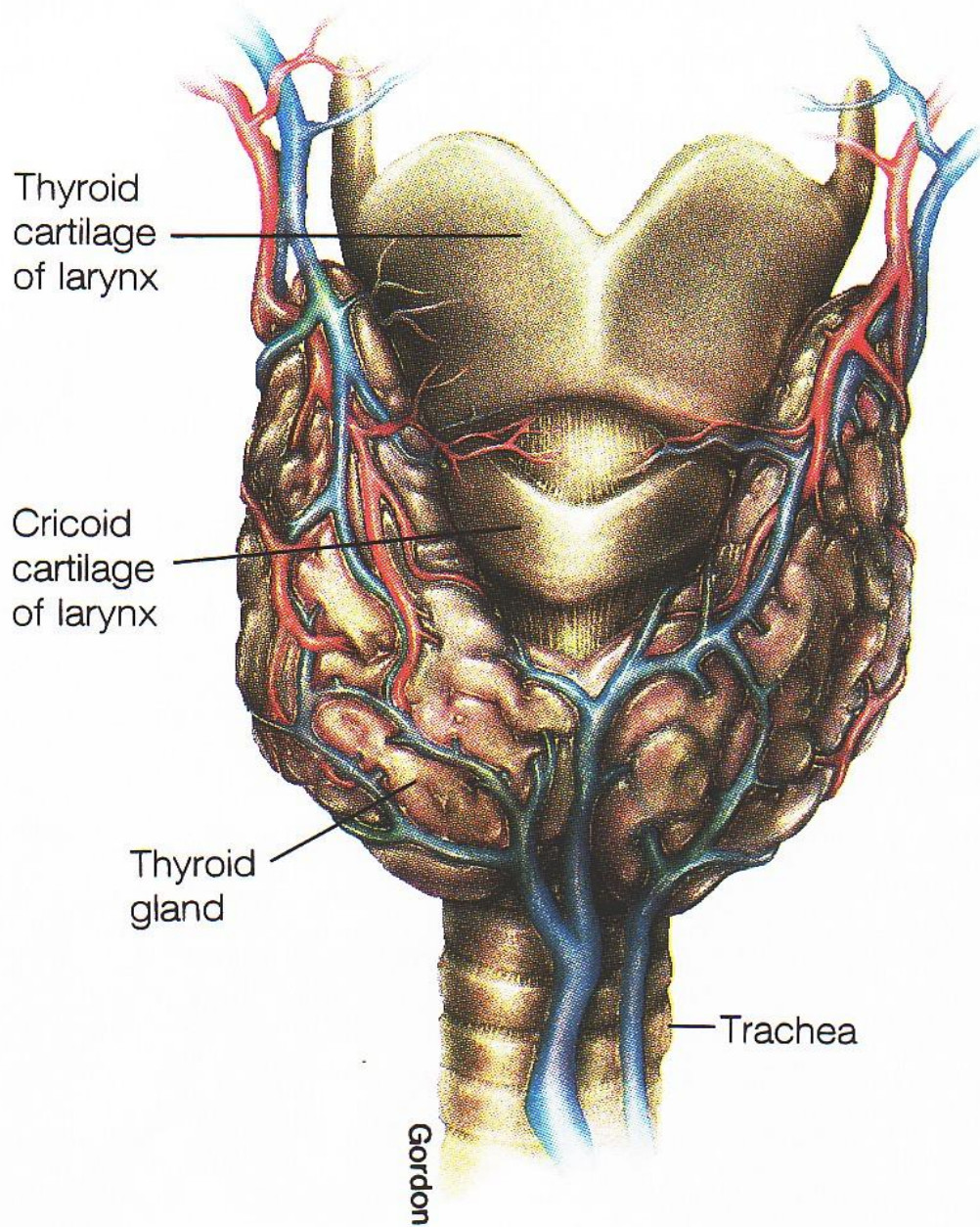


Benjamin Cummings 2001

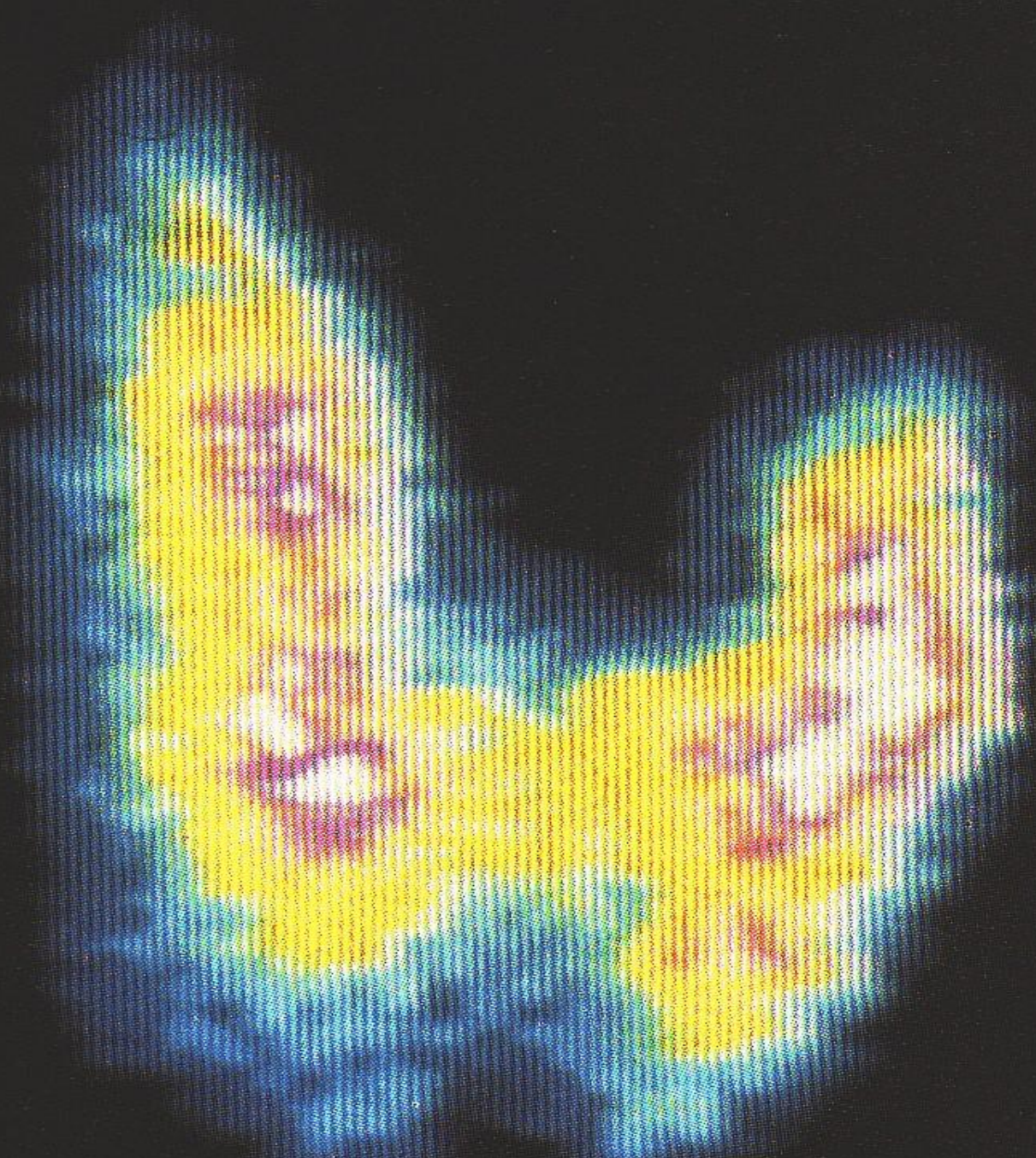
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y9Bdi4dnSlg>

<https://www.fuseschool.org>





(a)









Adrenal gland

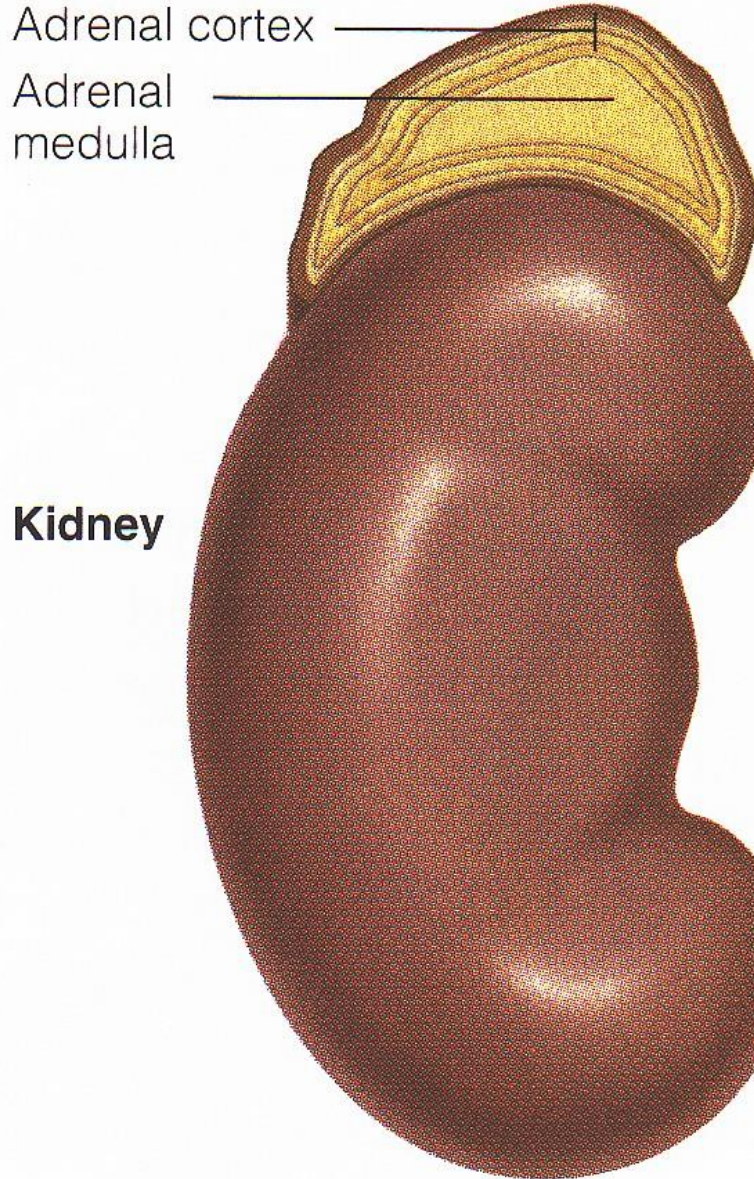
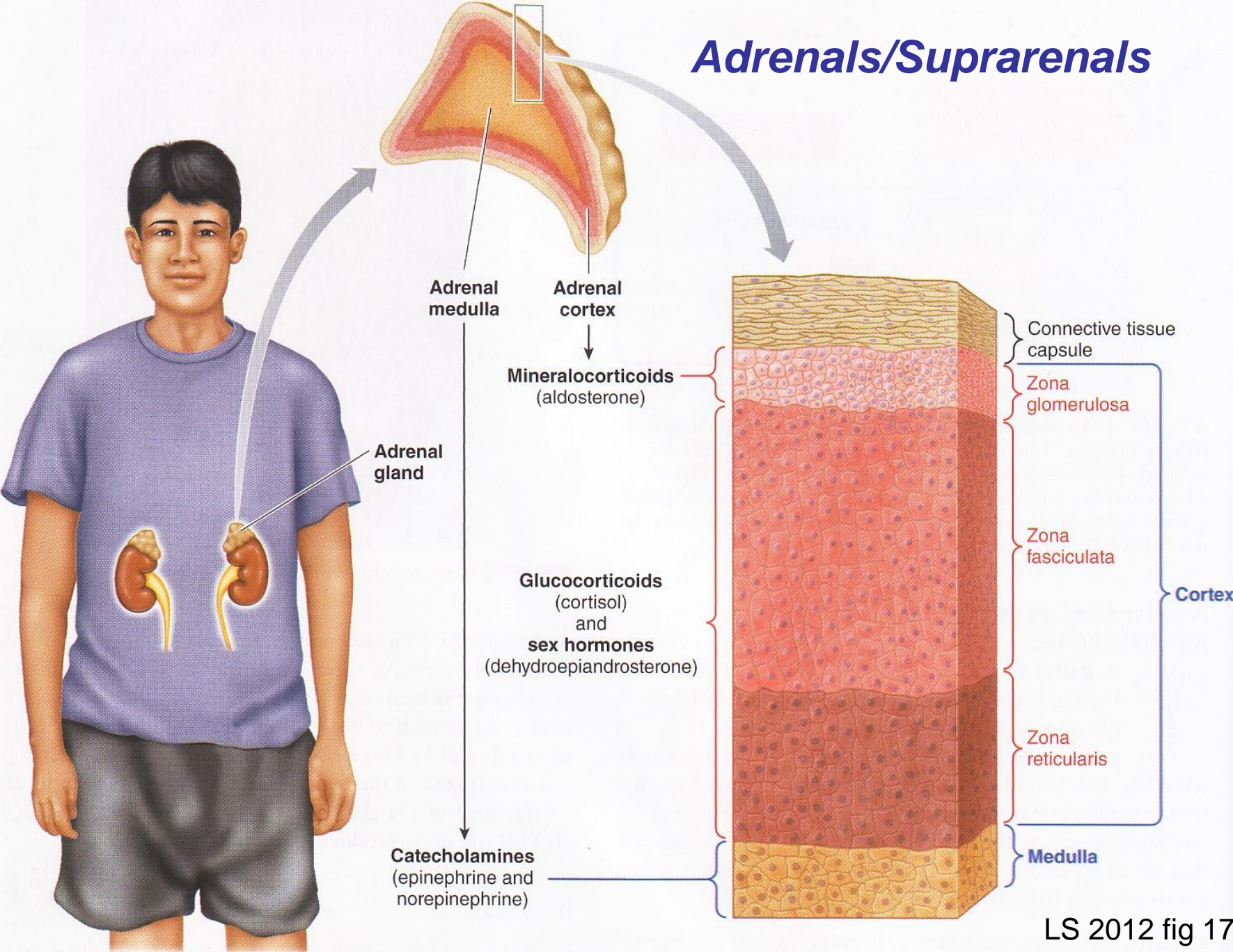


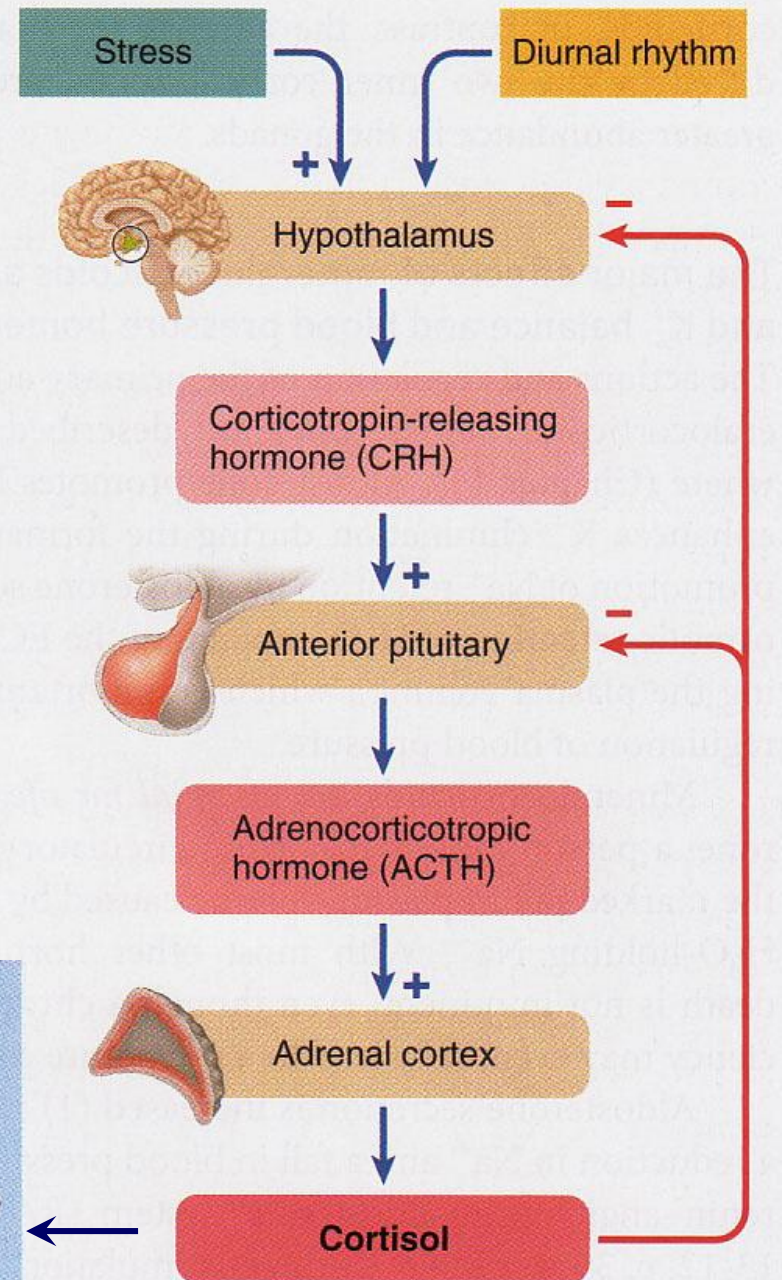
FIGURE 13-12

Adrenal Gland The adrenal glands sit atop the kidney and consist of an outer zone of cells, the adrenal cortex, which produces a variety of steroid hormones, and an inner zone, the adrenal medulla. The adrenal medulla produces adrenalin and noradrenalin.

Adrenals/Suprarenals



Stress Promotes Cortisol Secretion



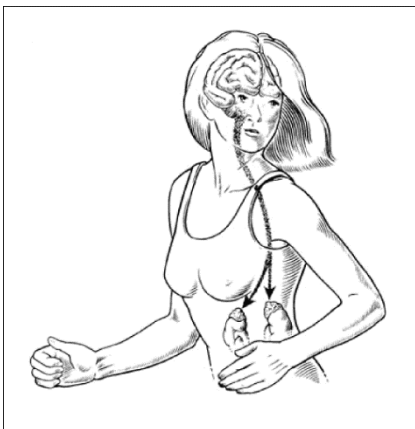
Metabolic fuels and building blocks available to help resist stress

- ↑ Blood glucose (by stimulating gluconeogenesis and inhibiting glucose uptake)
- ↑ Blood amino acids (by stimulating protein degradation)
- ↑ Blood fatty acids (by stimulating lipolysis)

BI 121!!



**Epinephrine
80%
Norepinephrine
20%**



Guyton & Hall 2000

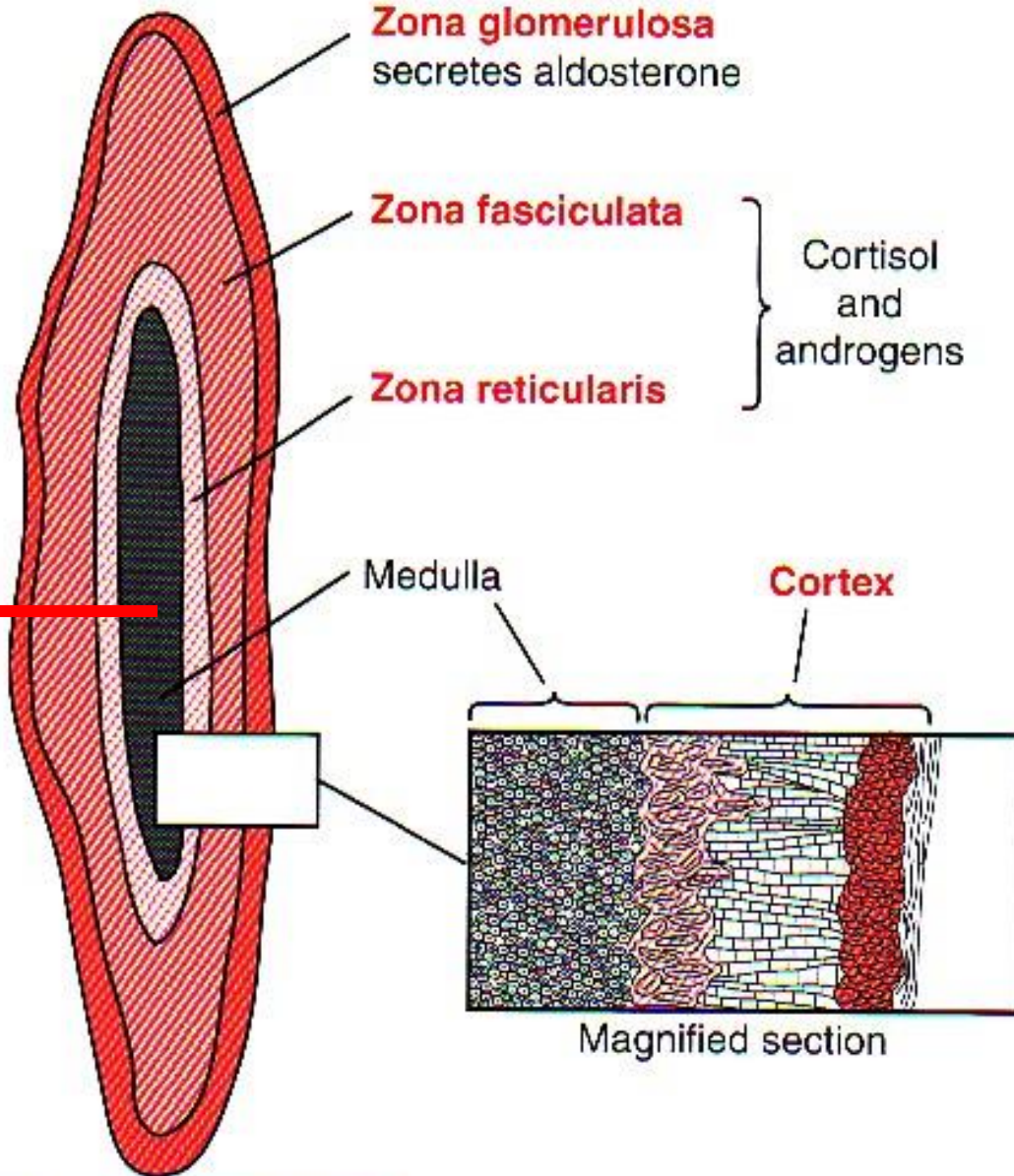


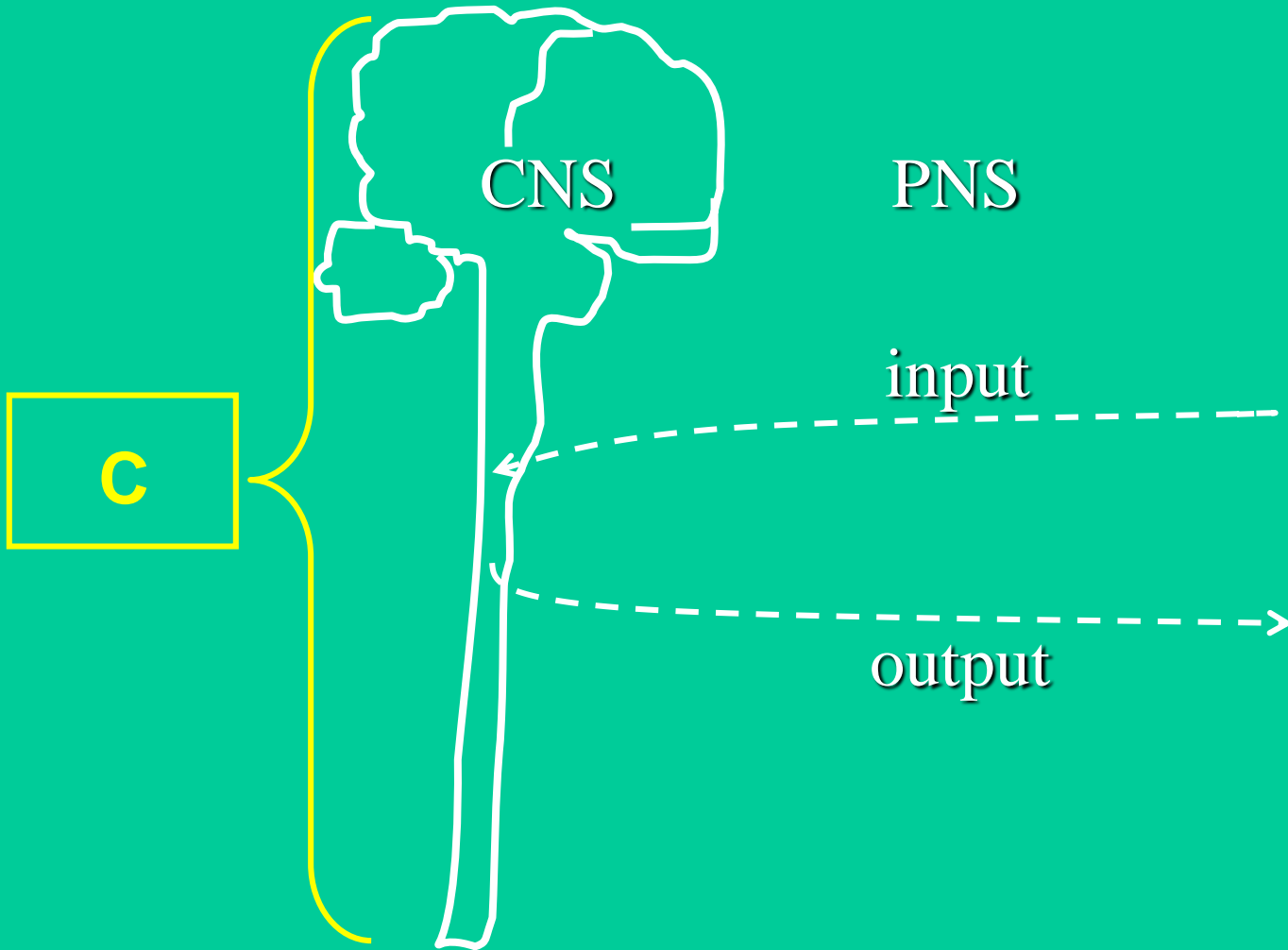
FIGURE 77 - 1

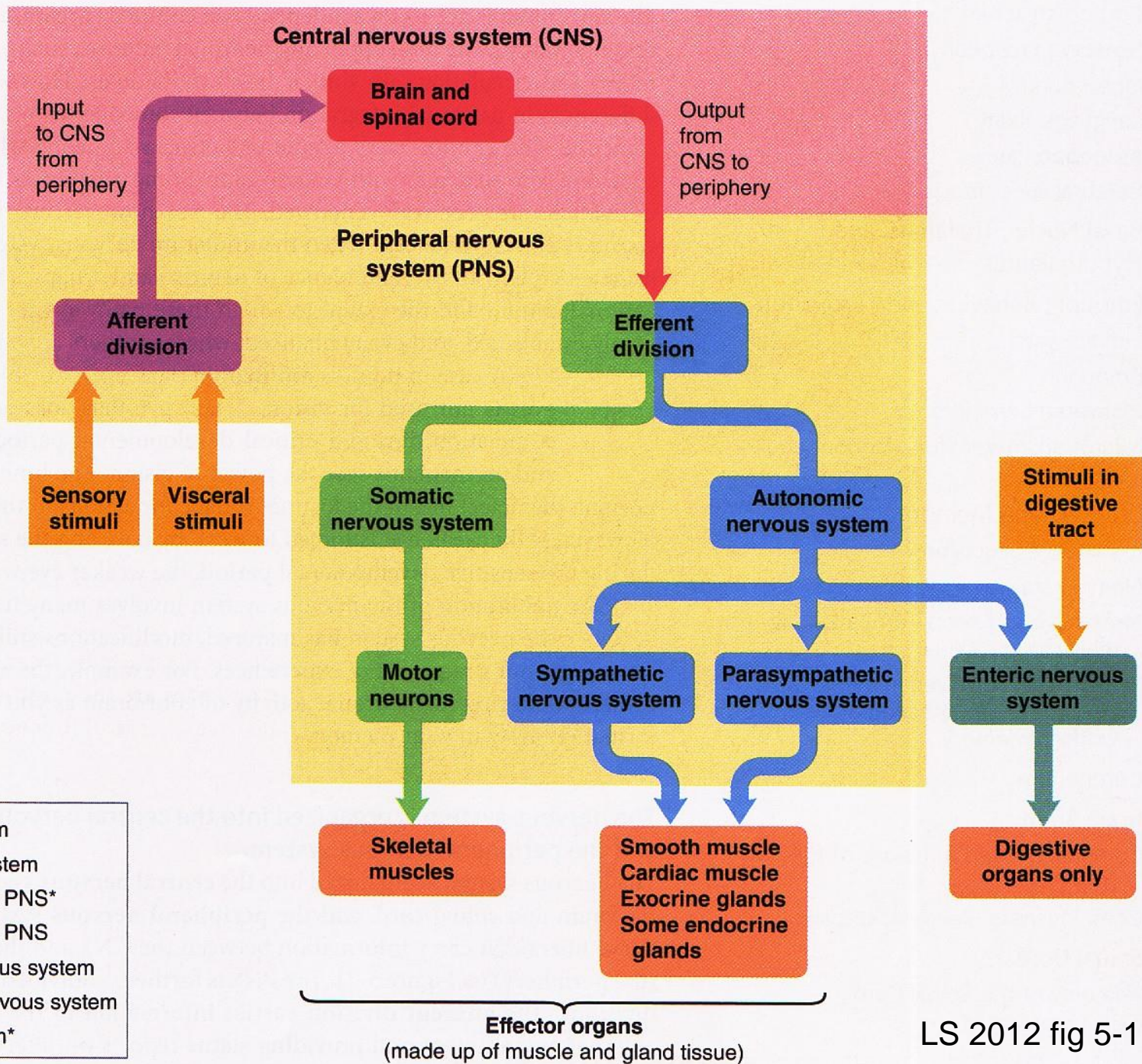
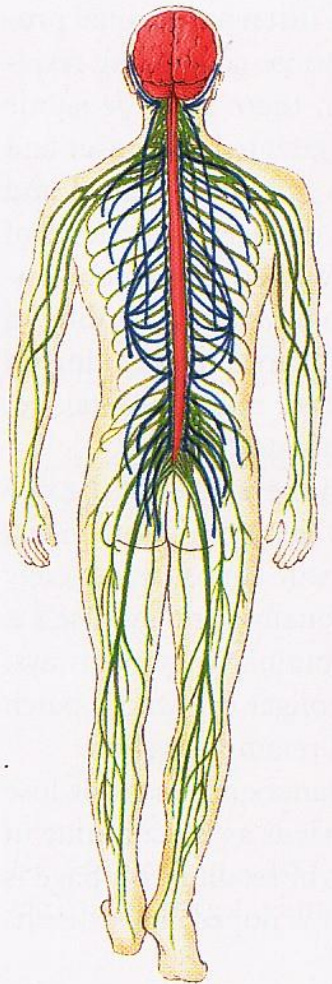
Secretion of adrenocortical hormones by the different zones of the adrenal cortex.

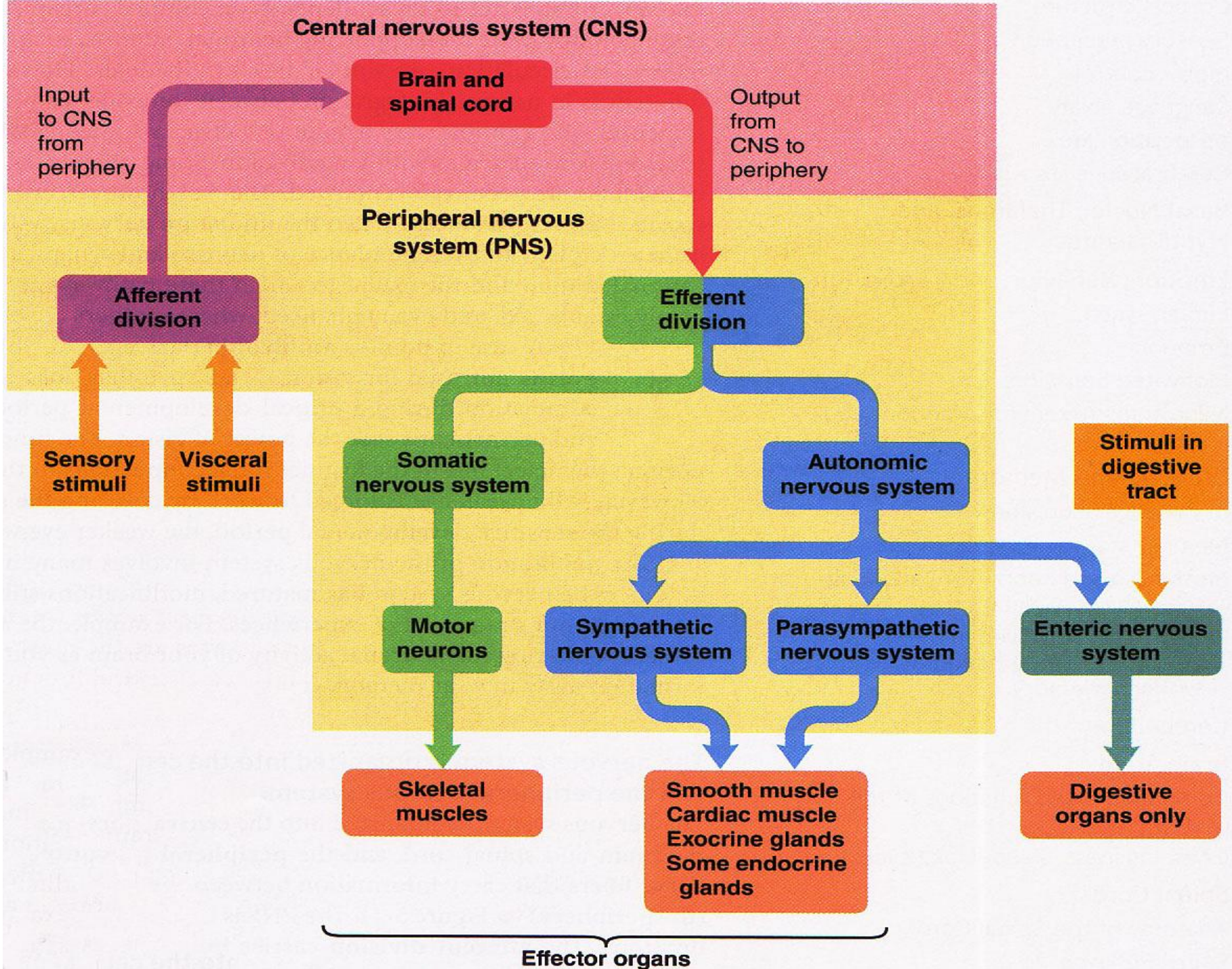
Questions + Discussion

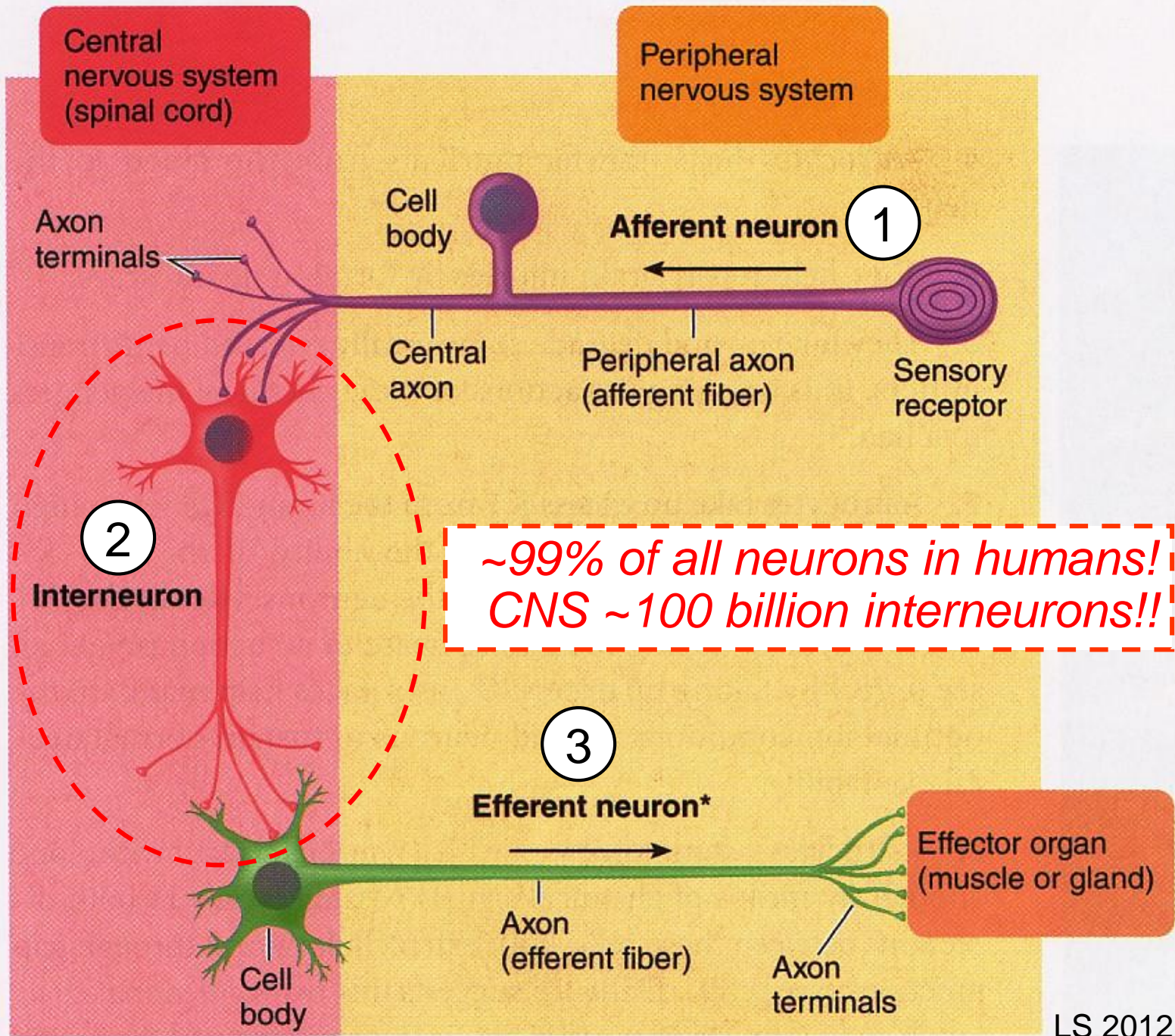


Nervous System







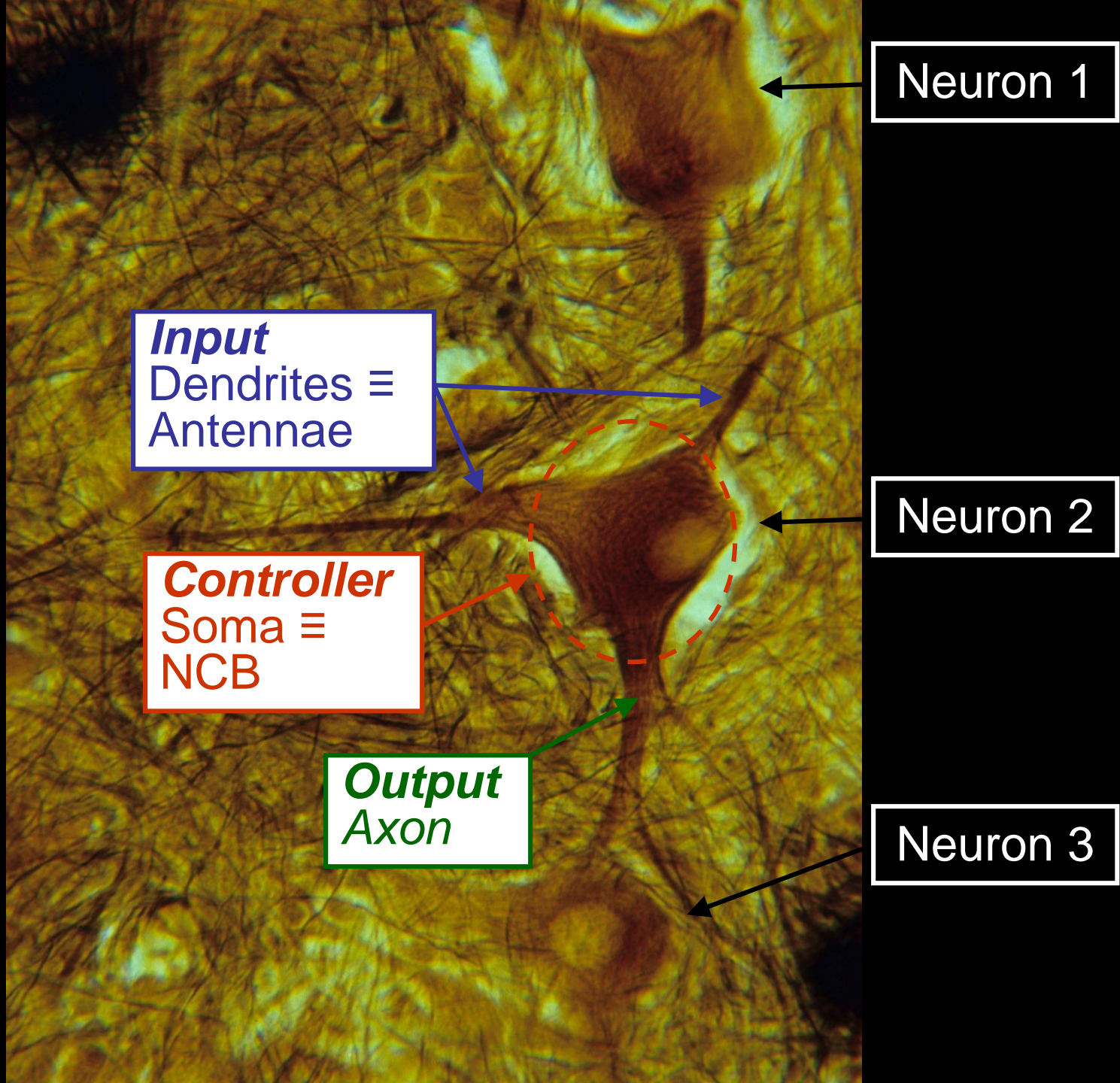


LS 2012 fig 5-2

~ 90% of Cells w/in CNS are not neurons but glial cells \equiv neuroglia or nerve glue!

Astrocytes

A fluorescence micrograph showing several astrocytes. The cells are stained with a red dye that highlights their complex, branching cytoplasmic processes. The cell bodies are stained with a purple dye. The background is dark, with some blue-stained nuclei visible. Two white arrows point from the text 'Astrocytes' to two of the red-stained cells.



Neuron 1

Input
Dendrites ≡
Antennae

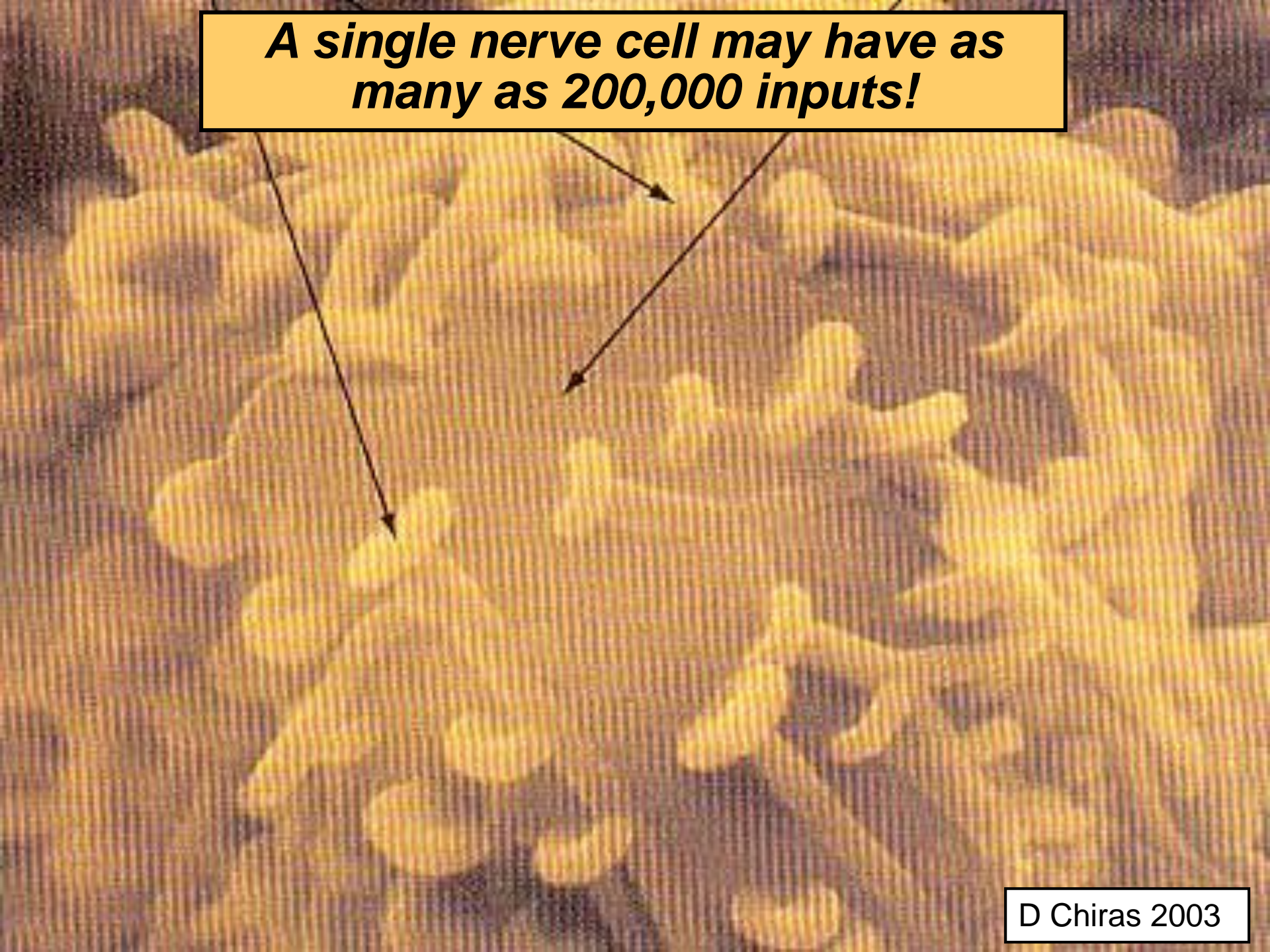
Neuron 2

Controller
Soma ≡
NCB

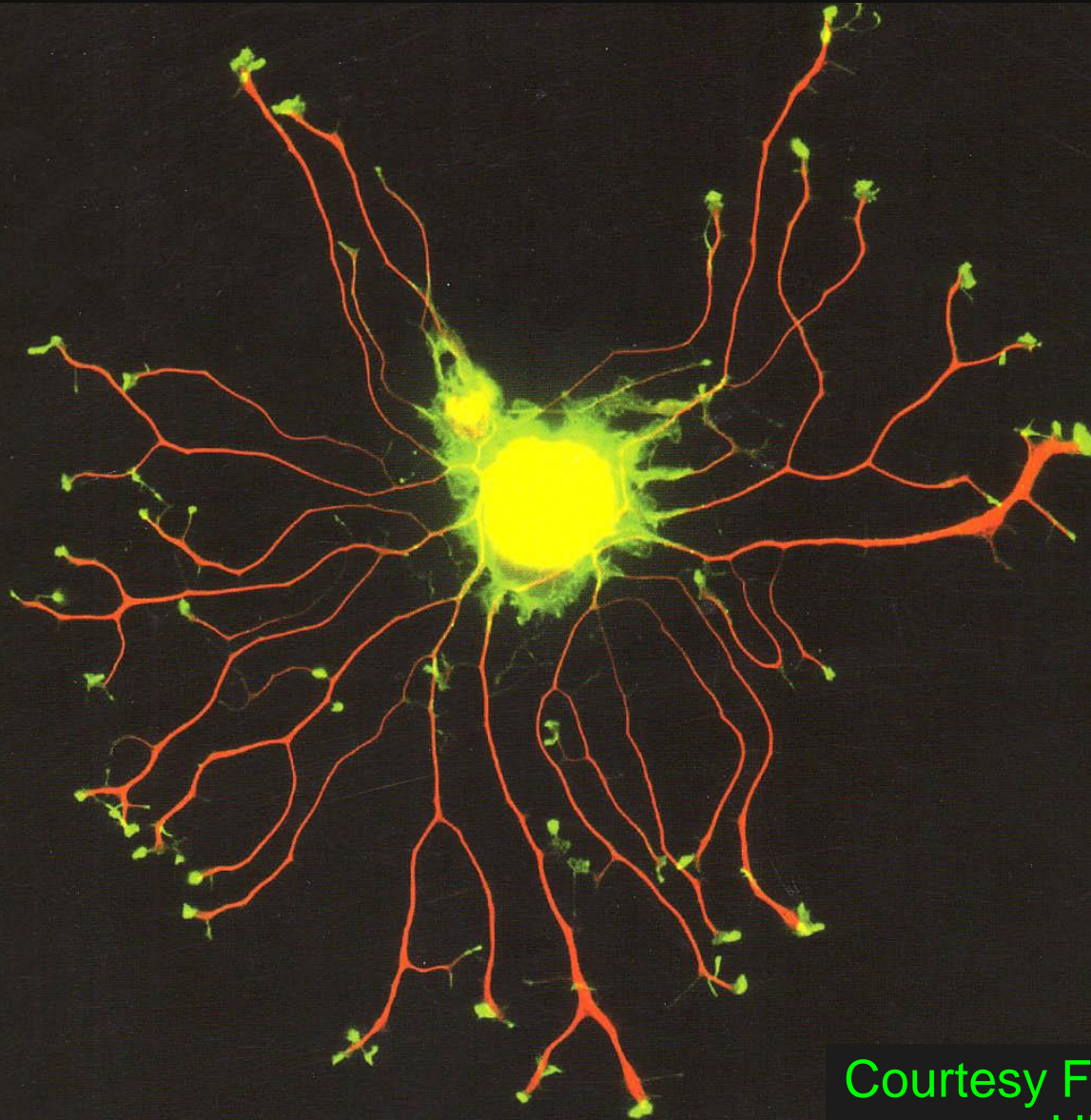
Output
Axon

Neuron 3

A single nerve cell may have as many as 200,000 inputs!

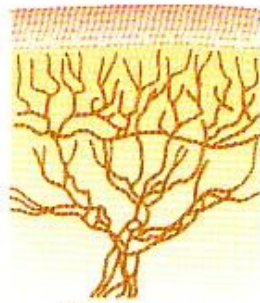


***Nerve cell with multiple axons grown by adding
a mitogen/neurogen \equiv nerve growth factor!***



Courtesy Fengquan Zhou
UNC Chapel Hill

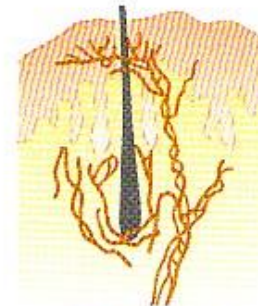
**Sensory
nerves
especially,
come in all
shapes &
sizes!**



Free nerve endings



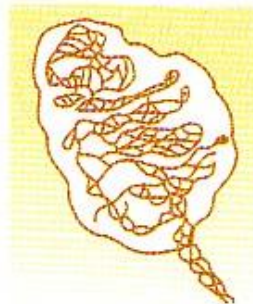
Expanded tip receptor



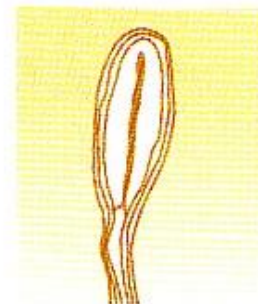
Tactile hair



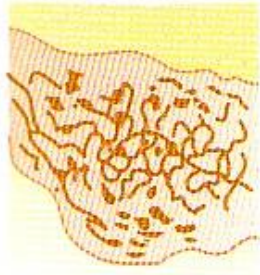
Pacinian corpuscle



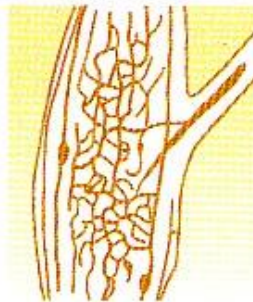
Meissner's corpuscle



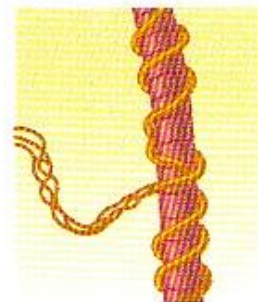
Krause's corpuscle



Ruffini's end-organ



Golgi tendon apparatus



Muscle spindle

Figure 46-1

Several types of somatic sensory nerve endings.

Nerve Extremes: Far ends of the Continuum

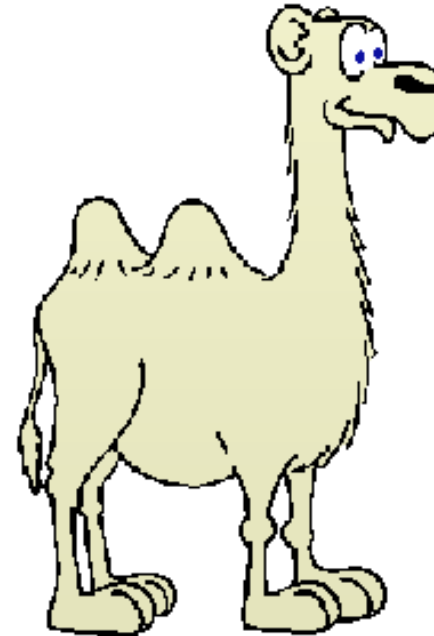
A = Large to medium
myelinated, up to
(120 m/sec)

$\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$

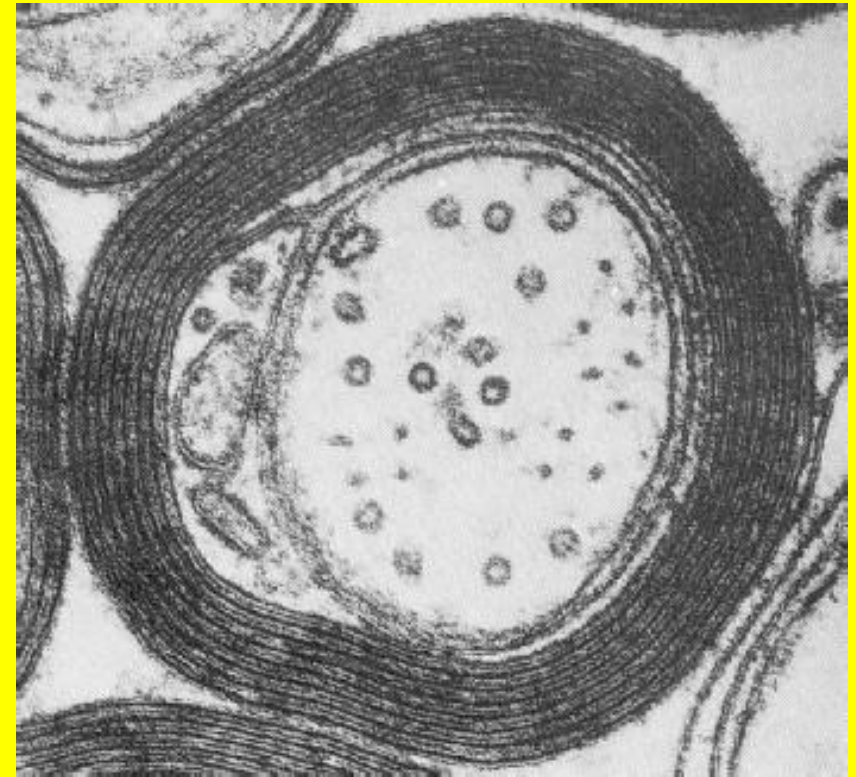
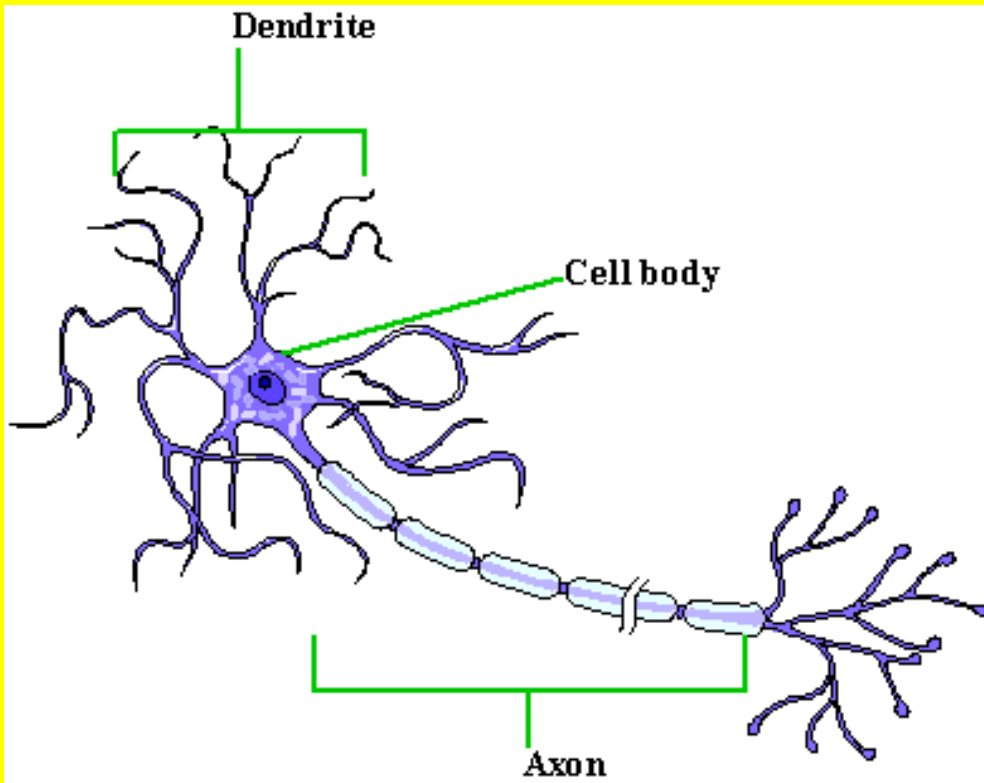


C = Small
unmyelinated,
(0.25 m/sec)

IV

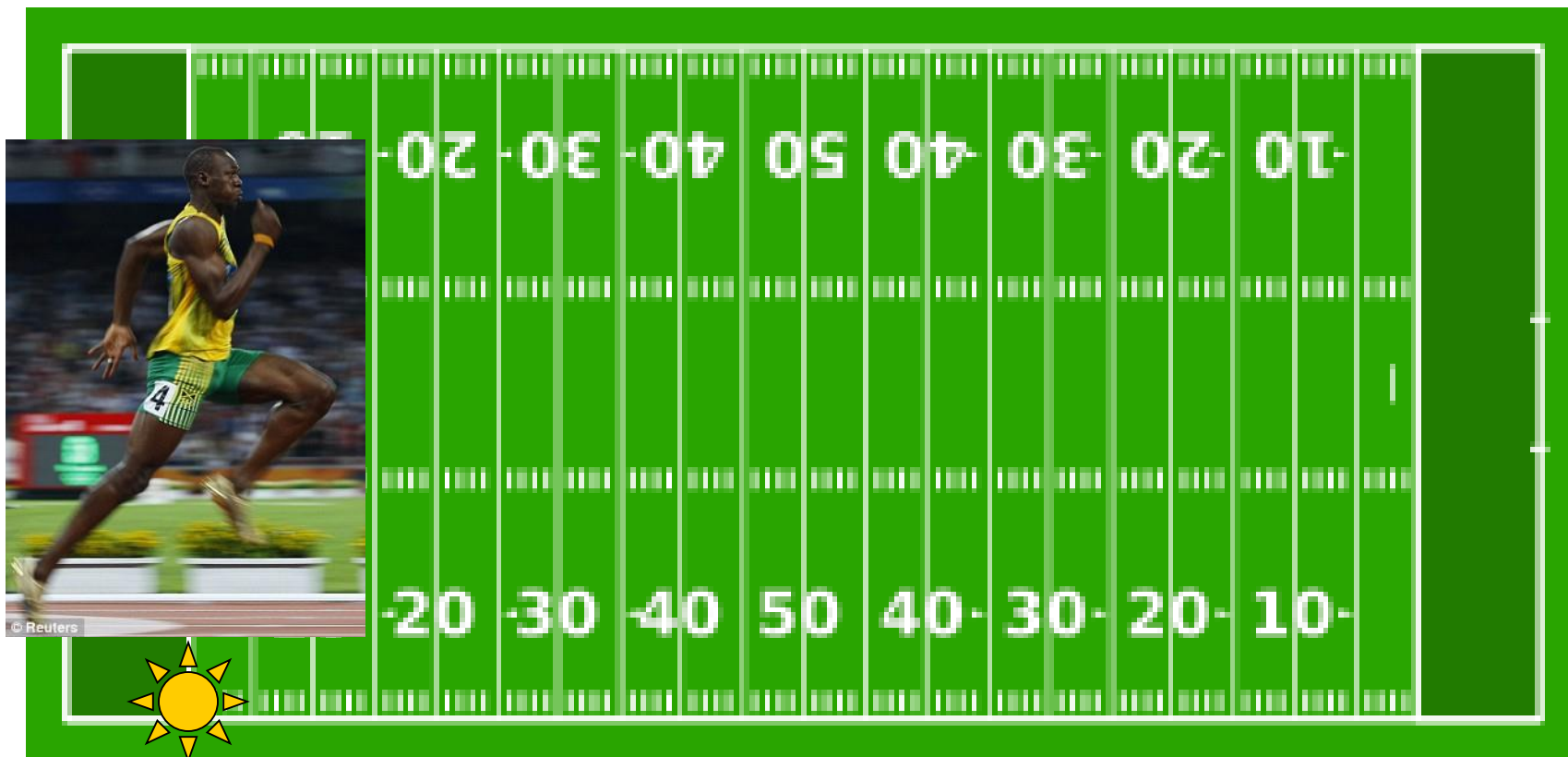


What is myelin? Why is it important?

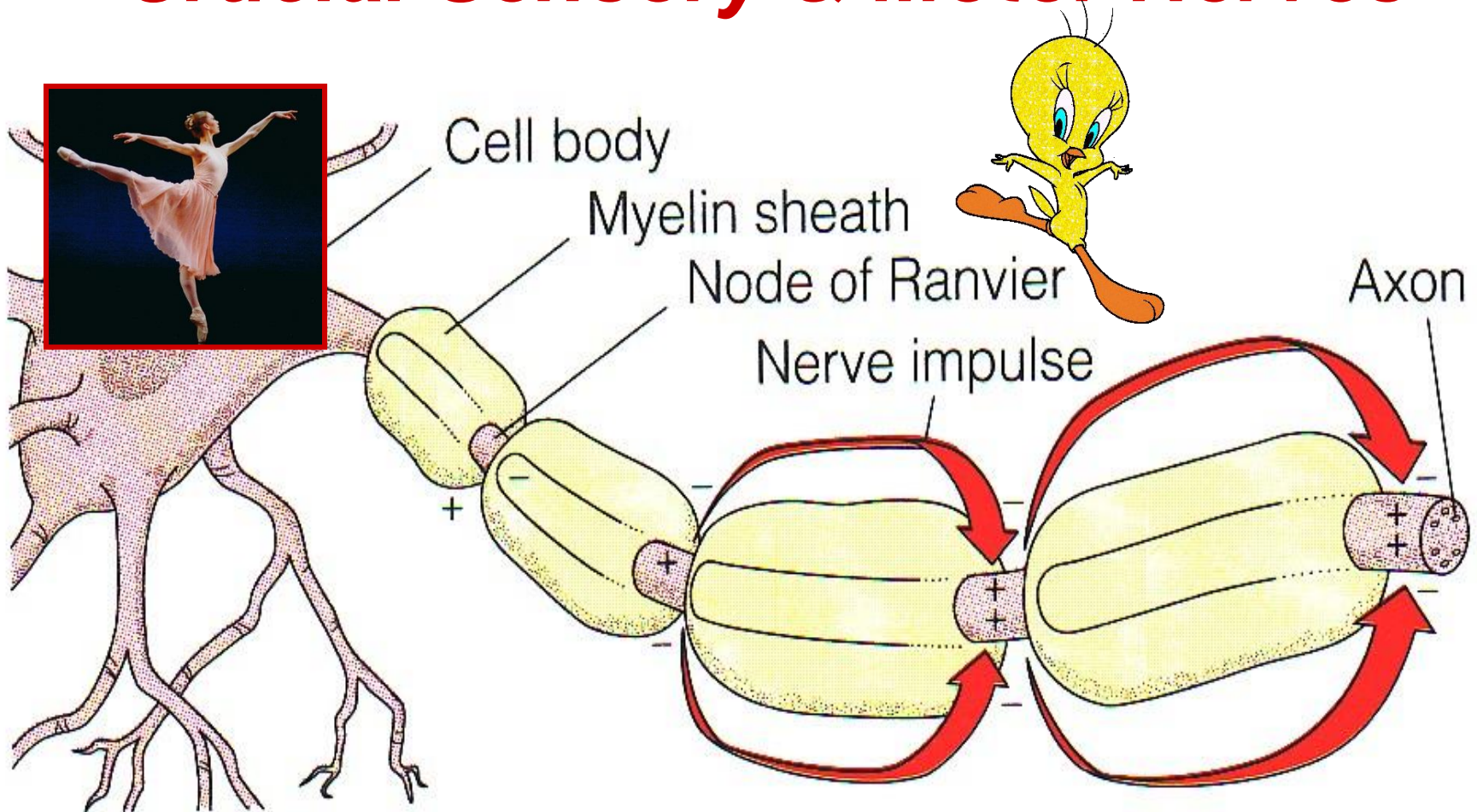


Lipid insulative coat
 $\uparrow \vec{v}$, *conserves ions & ATP*

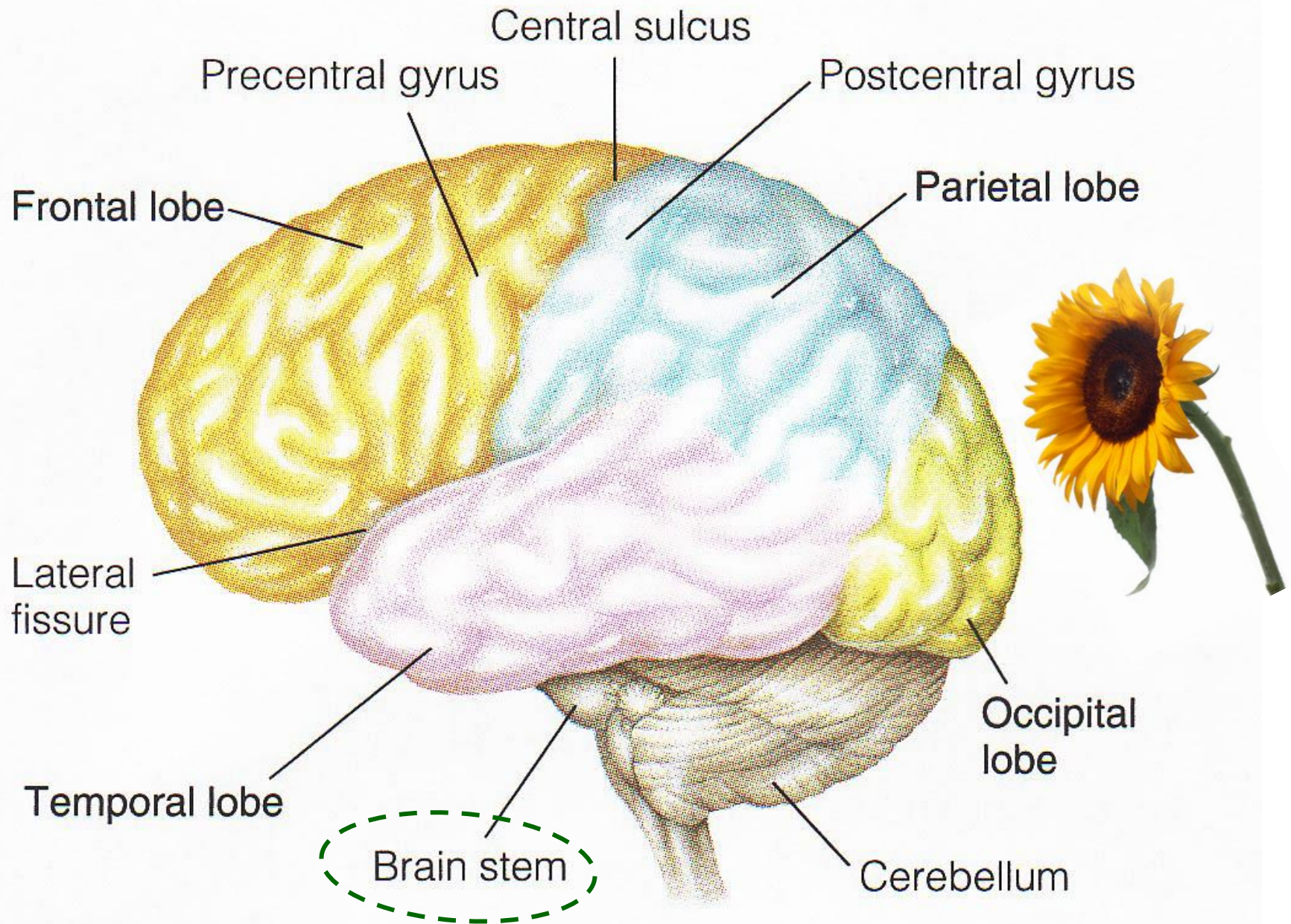
A large myelinated "survival" nerve can conduct impulses the length of football field in < 1 second!

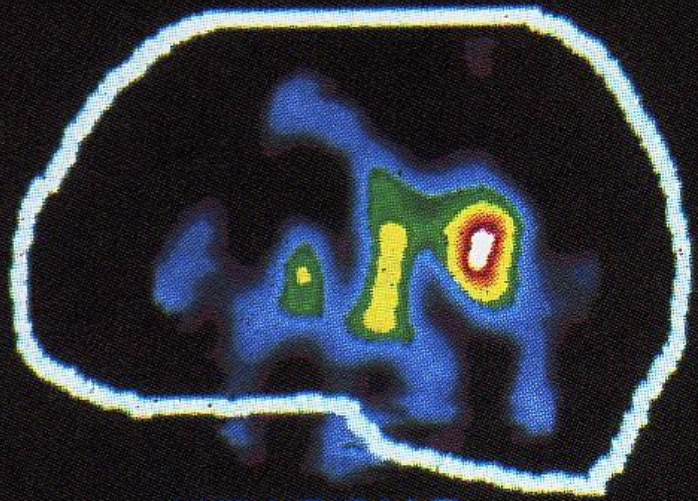


Saltatory/Leaping Conduction! *Crucial Sensory & Motor Nerves*

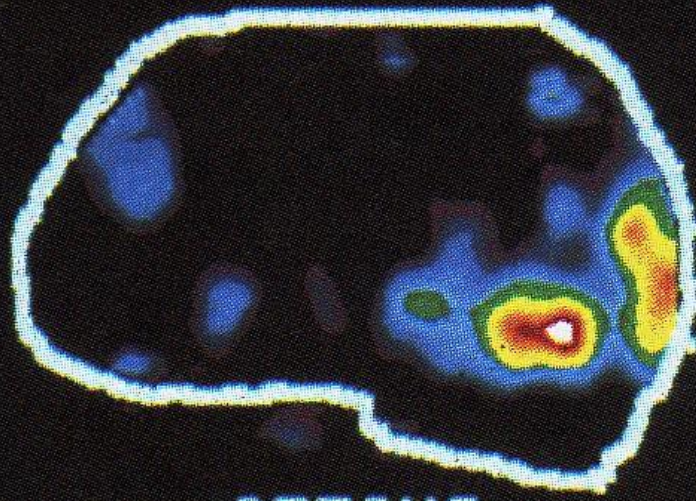


L. saltare to hop or leap! Fr. salt, sautier, sauté, leap, high air, vault

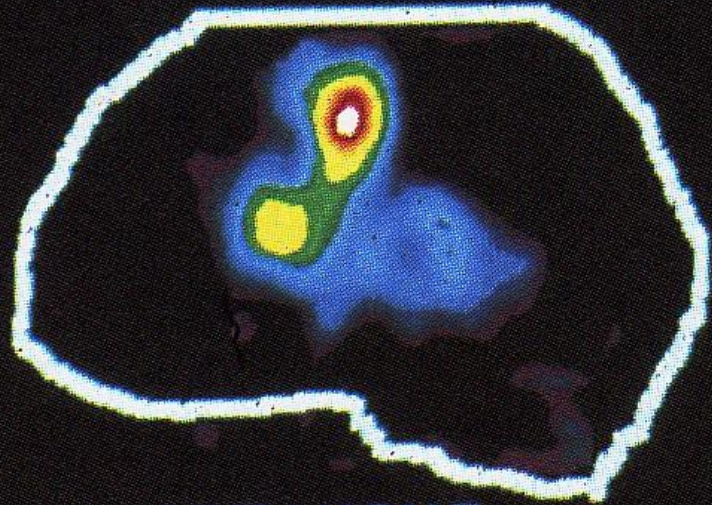




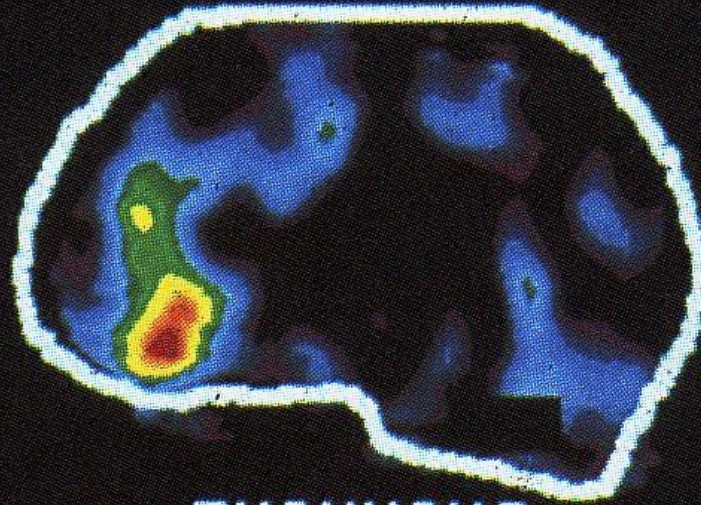
HEARING



SEEING

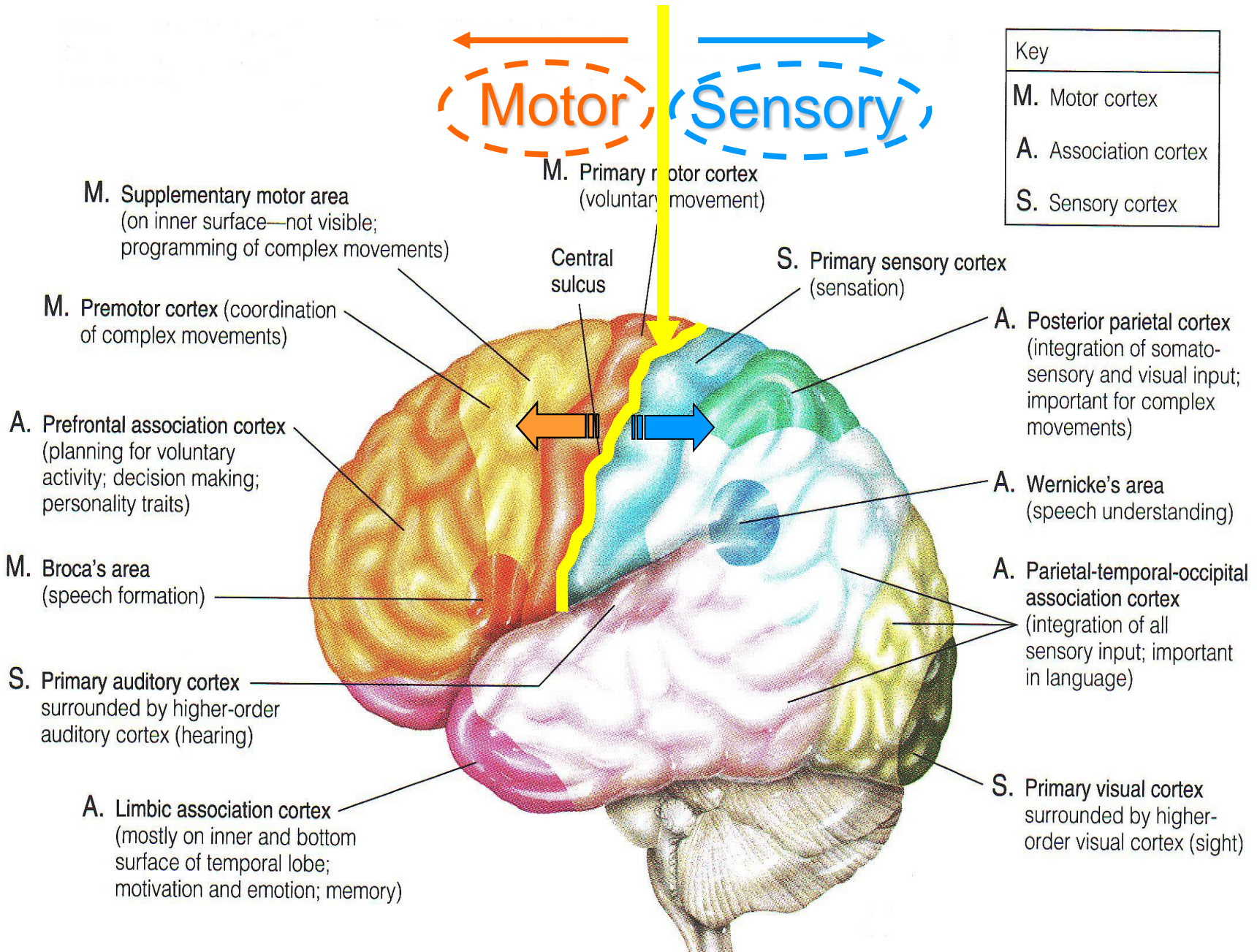


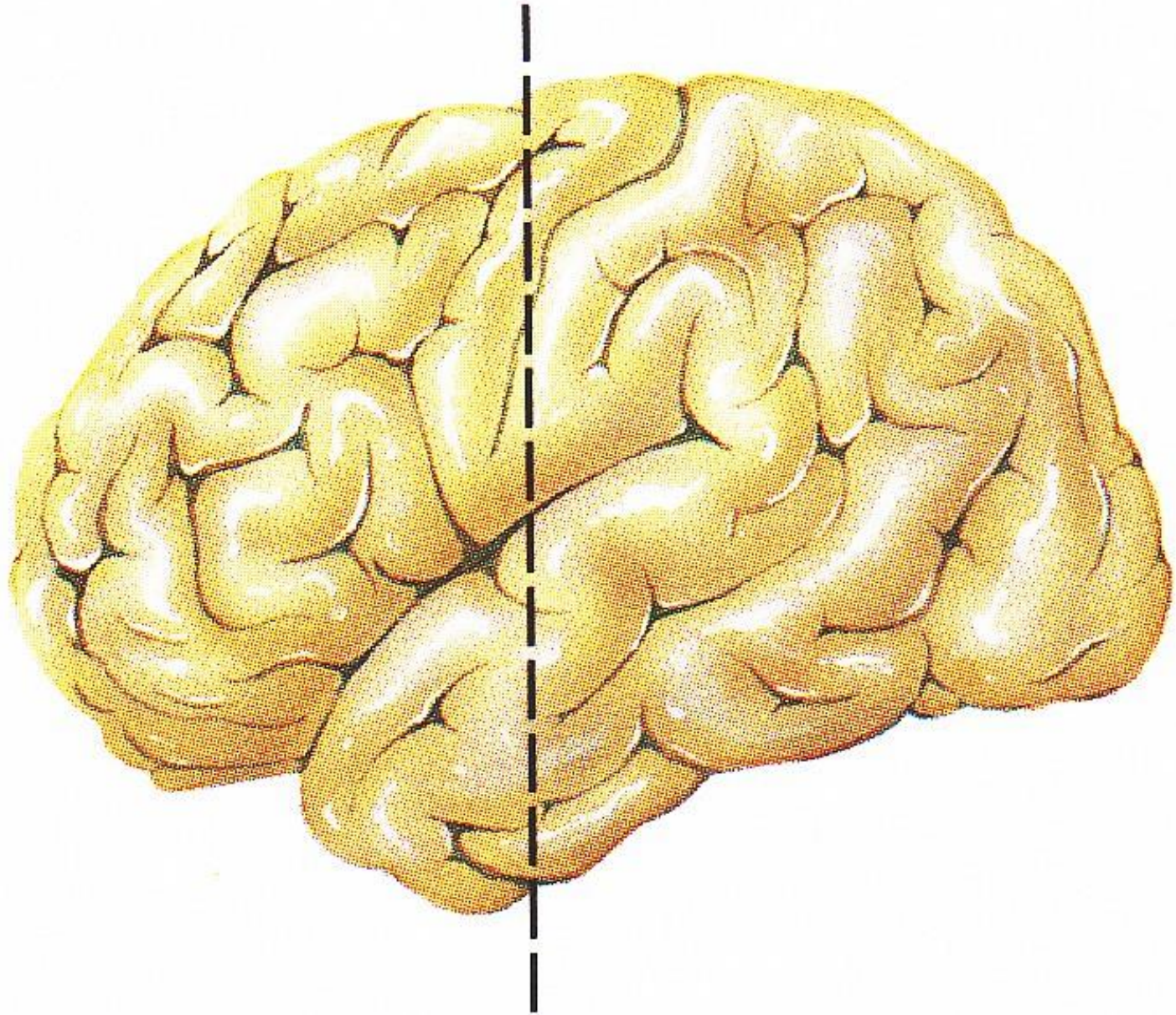
SPEAKING

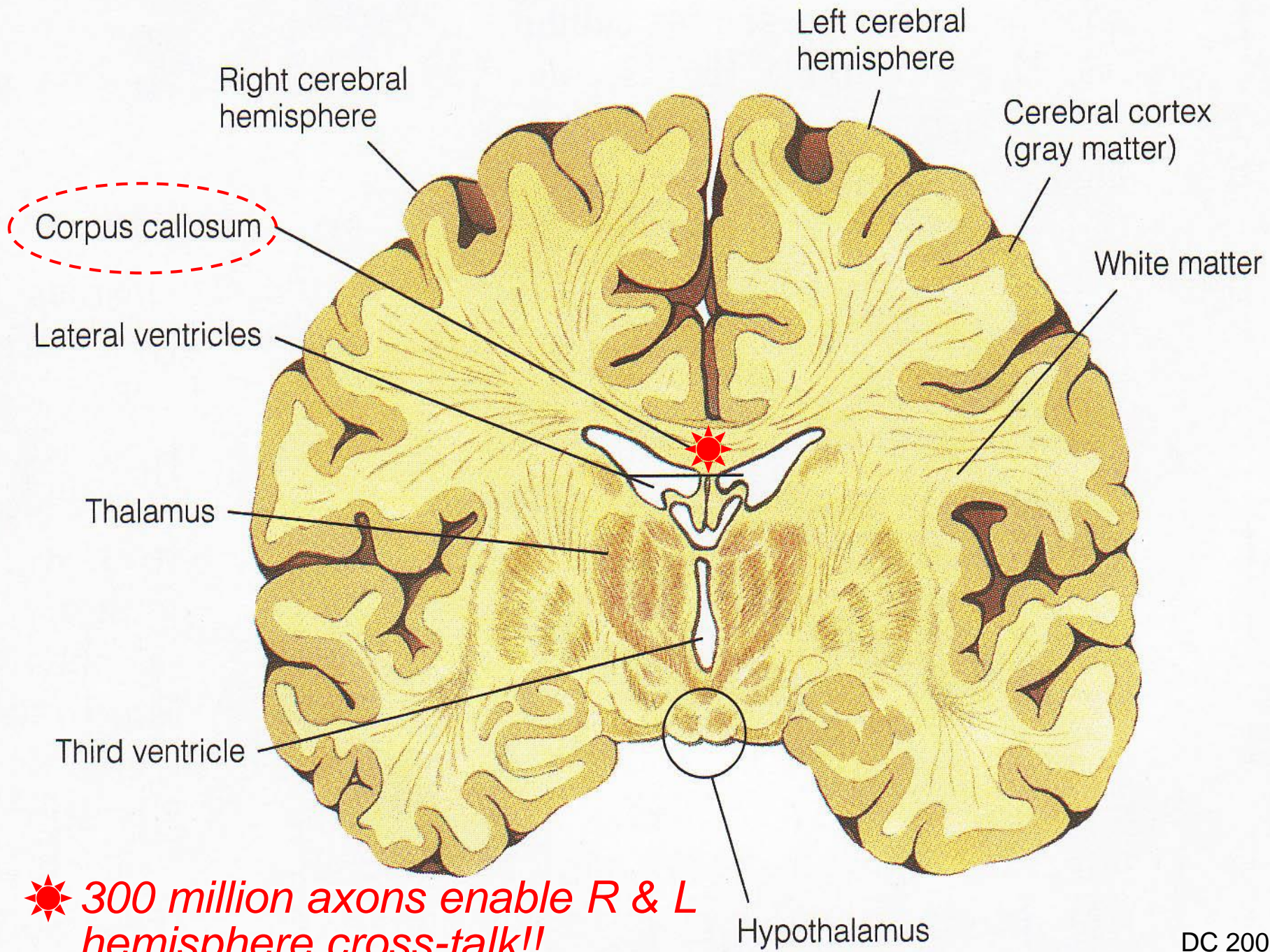


THINKING

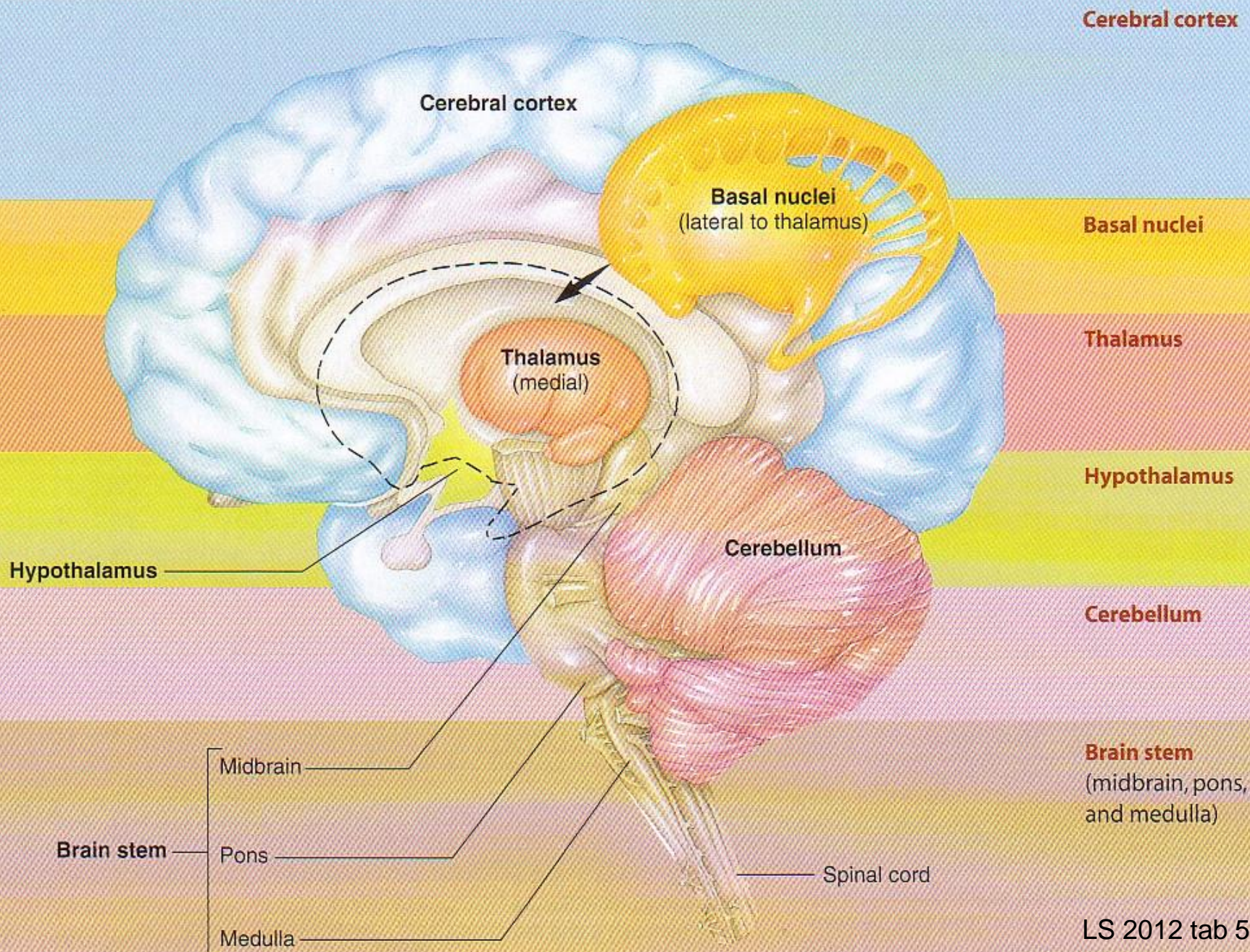








★ 300 million axons enable R & L hemisphere cross-talk!!



MRI 061307
Lumbar spine
Lateral view

L1

L2

L3

L4

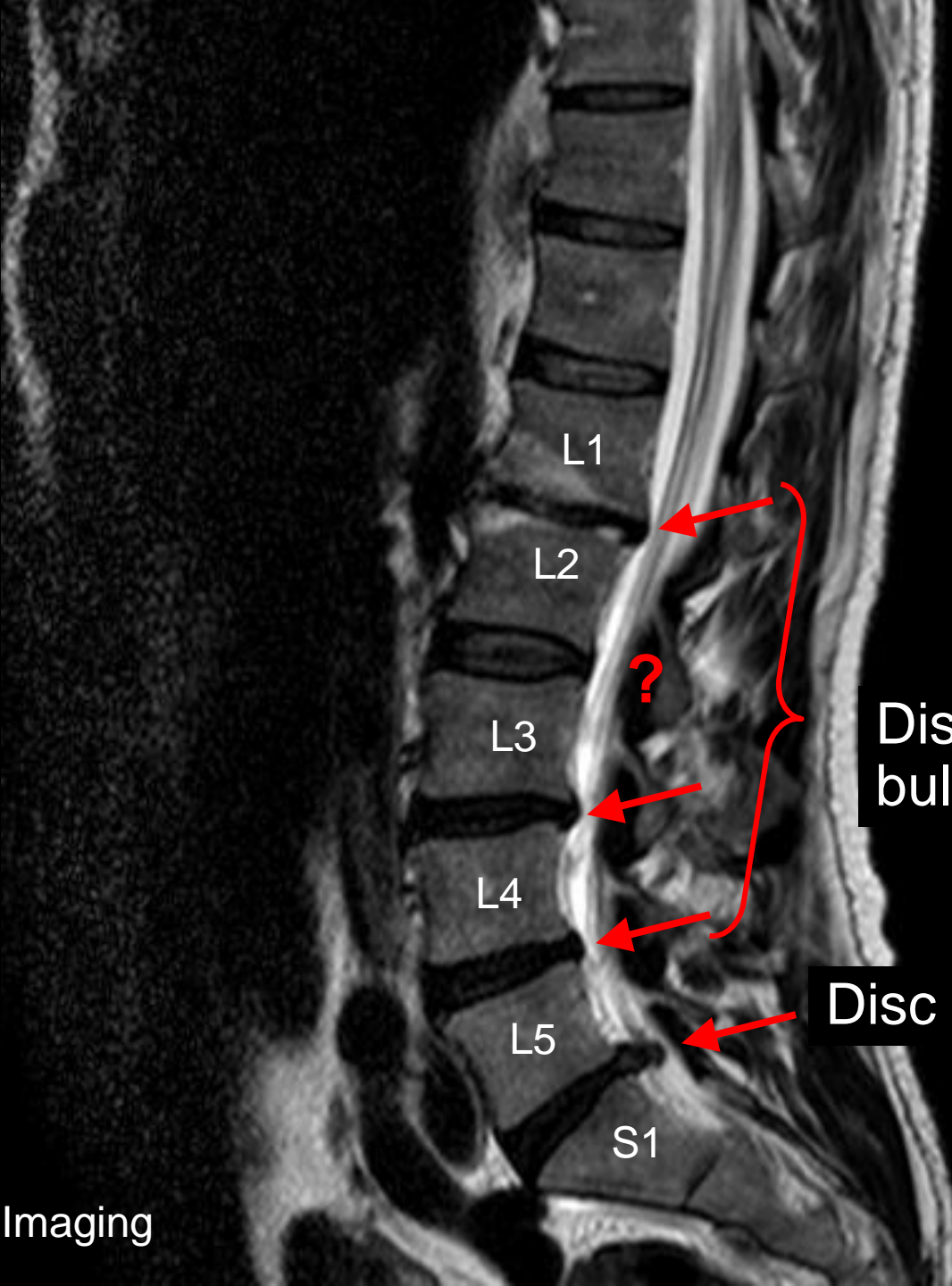
L5

S1

?

Discs
bulging

Disc herniation





MRI 061307
Lumbar spine
Axial view

Oregon Imaging

9.4 x 8.1 mm
Protrusion



Helmets Cheap, Brains Expensive!! Use Your Head, Get a Helmet!!



<http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/Pubs/812018.pdf>
<http://www.bhsi.org/stats.htm>

~ 500,000 bicyclists/yr visit emergency rooms

As of 2014, the population estimate of

State of Wyoming 584,153

Albany OR 51,980

Corvallis OR 54,953

Springfield OR 60,263



~ 26,000 traumatic brain injuries

743 of ~900 cyclist deaths, 2013 \equiv ~ 2% of all traffic fatalities

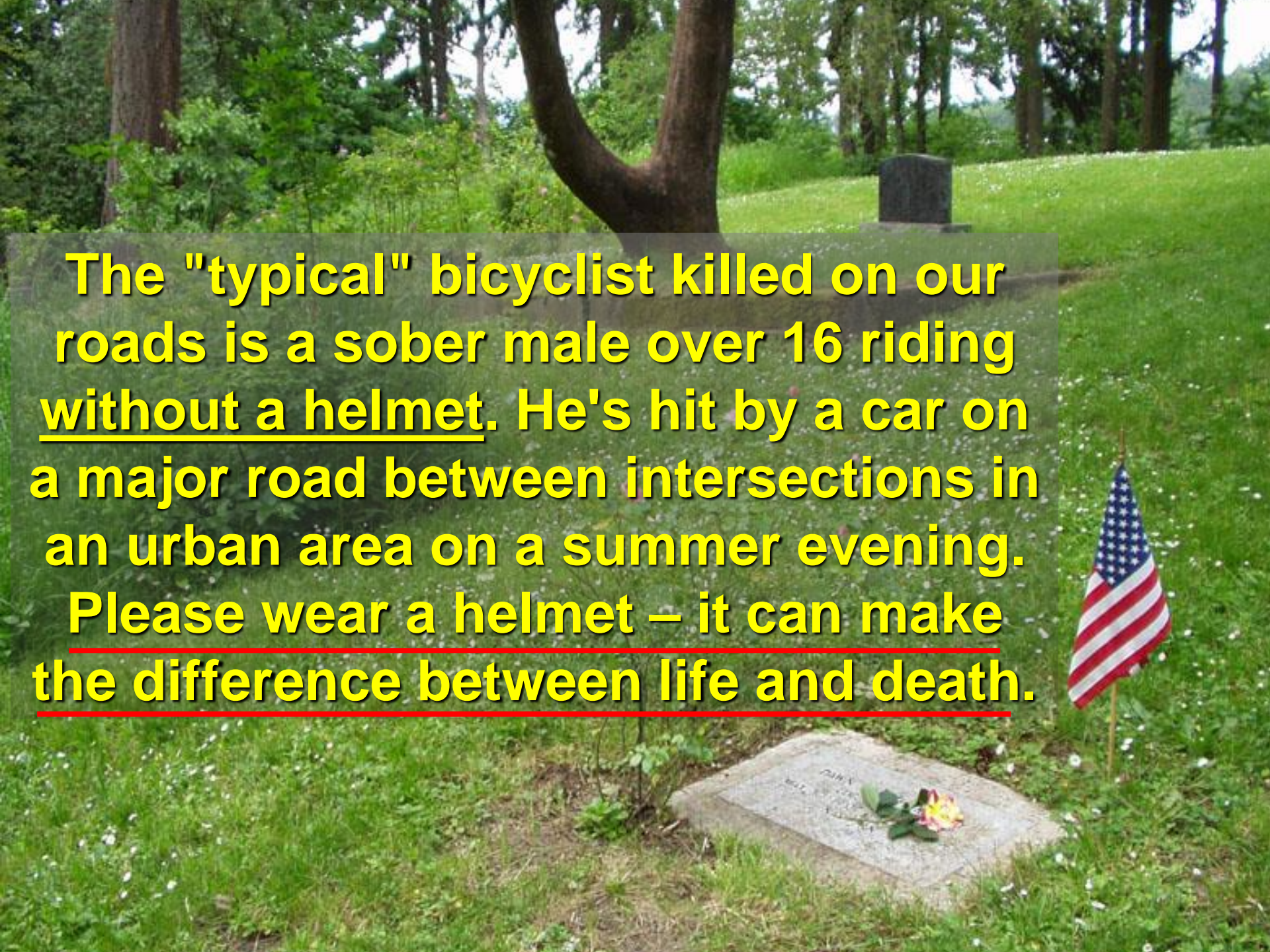
13% of deaths children \leq 14 yr, 87% σ

11% involved wrong-way riding!

Bicycle crashes & injuries are under reported,
since majority not serious enough for ER visits.

Helmets may reduce head & brain injury risk by 85%!

~\$2.3 billion/yr = indirect injury costs from not using helmets!

A photograph of a cemetery. In the foreground, a large, dark tree trunk is on the left. A gravestone is visible in the middle ground. In the lower right foreground, a small American flag is planted in the grass. A single rose lies on a flat, light-colored gravestone in the lower right foreground. The background shows a grassy hill with more trees under a bright sky.

The "typical" bicyclist killed on our roads is a sober male over 16 riding without a helmet. He's hit by a car on a major road between intersections in an urban area on a summer evening. Please wear a helmet – it can make the difference between life and death.

Hey, I'm alive because I wore a helmet!!

