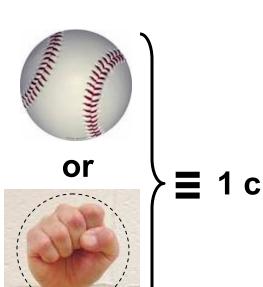
#### BI 121 Lecture 4

Anatomy & Physiology Lab today!...

- I. <u>Announcements</u> Nutrition Analysis Lab next Tuesday! Please record diet on p 3-7 LM & begin analysis using <a href="https://www.supertracker.usda.gov/">https://www.supertracker.usda.gov/</a> Estimating quantities. Q?
- II. Introduction to Genetics LS 2012 ch 2 p 20-1 + Appendix C
  - A. What's a gene? Where located? Why important? p A-18, fig C-2, C-3
  - B. How does information flow in the cell? fig C-6
  - C. How does DNA differ from RNA? pp A-20 thru A-22
  - D. Genetic code? pp A-22, A-23
  - E. How & where are proteins made? fig C-7, C-9
  - F. Class skit: Making proteins @ ribosomes!
- III. Nutrition Primer Sizer & Whitney (S&W) Sci Lib
  - A. Essential Nutrients: H<sub>2</sub>O, 1º Carbohydrates, 2º Fats, 3º Proteins, Vitamins, Minerals; Macro- vs Micro-?
  - B. Dietary Guidelines: USDA, AICR, Eat Like the Rainbow!
  - C. Diet or exercise? Diet composition & endurance?Fasting? Zuti & Golding 1976; Sacks <u>AHA NPAM Council</u> 2009; AMDR? Adjusted Macronutrient Distribution Range!
  - D. Beware of Nutrition Quackery S. Kleiner & Monaco 1990



#### $4 \text{ oz} \rightarrow 3 \text{ oz}$





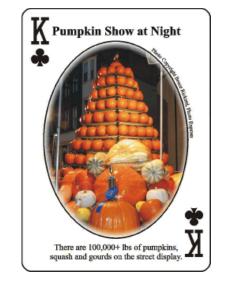








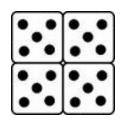
#### **Deck of Cards**



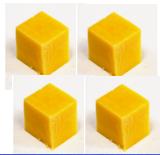
raw → cooked



**=** 1/3 c









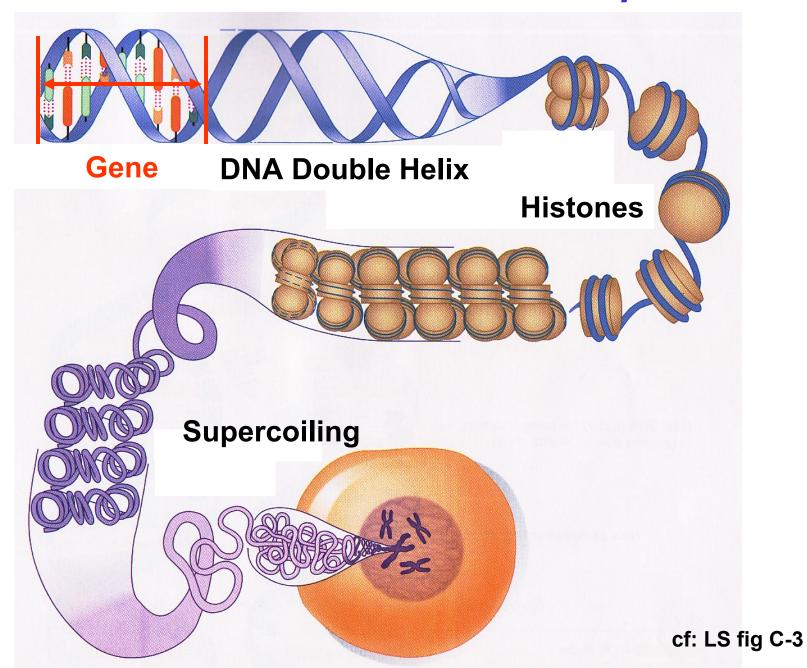
**≡** 1/4 **c** 



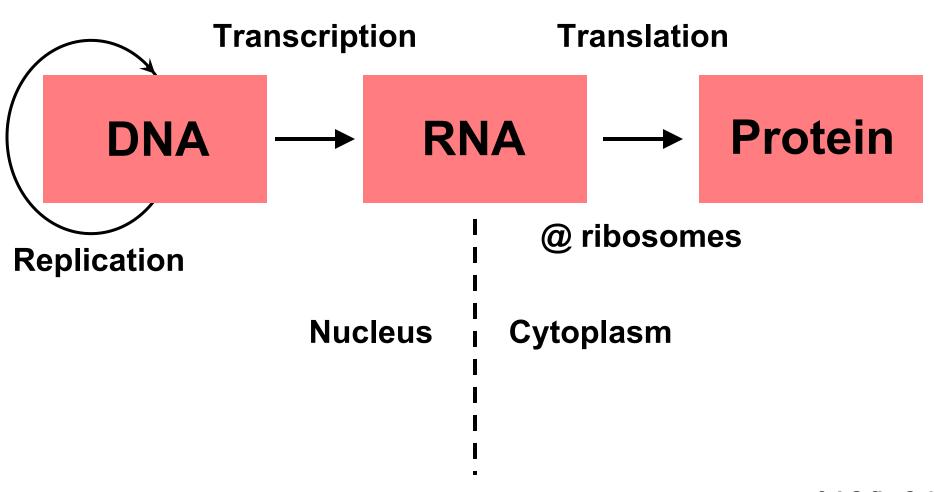
**■**1.5 oz



#### Gene = Stretch of DNA that codes for a protein



#### What does DNA do, day-to-day?



cf: LS fig C-6

#### DNA vs RNA?

- 1. Double-stranded
- 2. Deoxyribose (without oxygen)
- 3. A, <u>T</u>, C, G <u>T</u>hymine
- 4. Self-replicative (can copy itself)
- 5. Nucleus (+mitochondria)

- 1. Single-stranded
- 2. Ribose (with oxygen)
- 3. A, <u>U</u>, C, G <u>U</u>racil
- 4. Needs DNA as template
- 5. 1º Cytoplasm (but Nucleus origin)
- 6. mRNA, rRNA, tRNA

## Triplets of bases code for amino acids, the building blocks of proteins

<u>DNA</u> <u>mRNA</u> <u>tRNA</u>

code word codon anti-codon

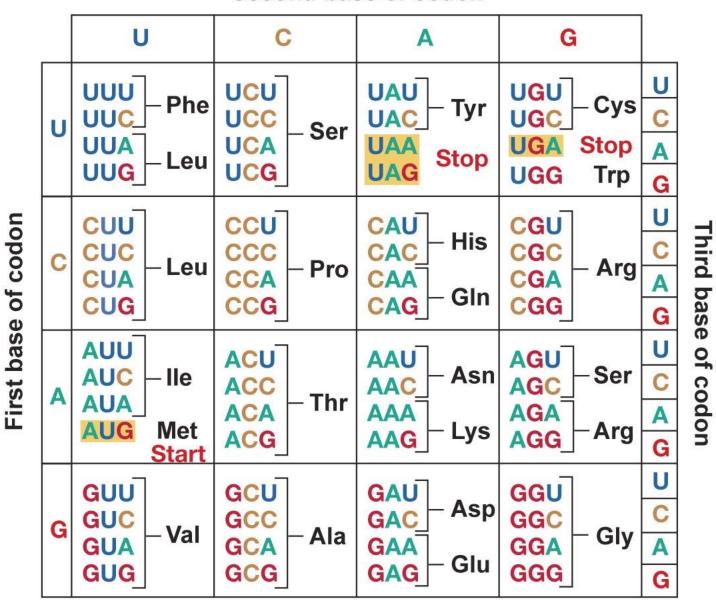
TAT AUA UAU

ACG UGC ACG

TTT AAA UUU

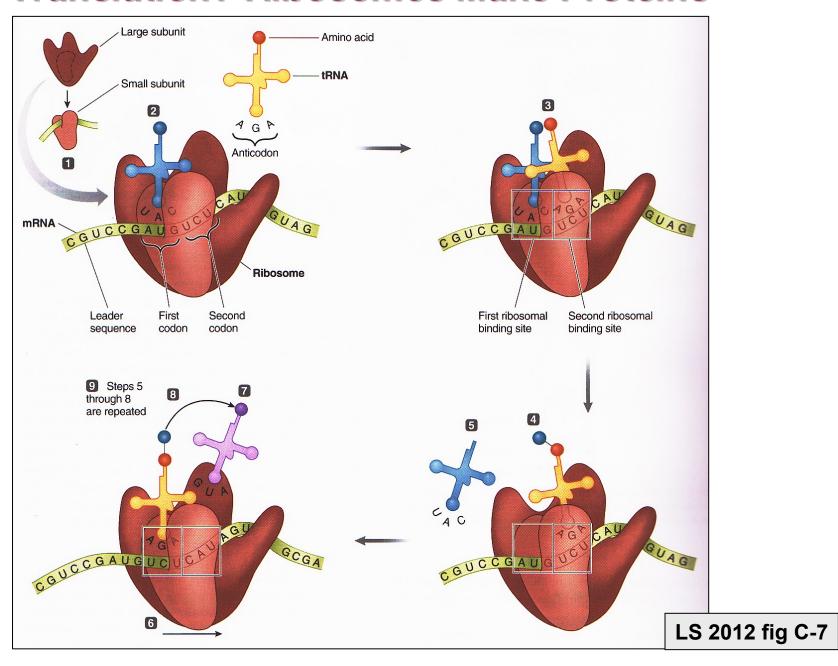
TAC AUG UAC

#### Second base of codon



D. Silverthorn, Physiology: An Integrated Approach. San Francisco: Pearson Education, 2010.

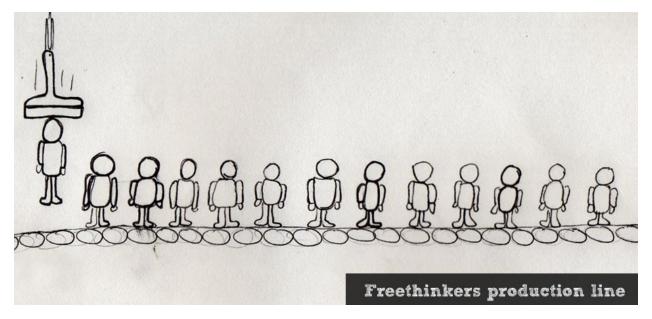
#### Translation? Ribosomes Make Proteins

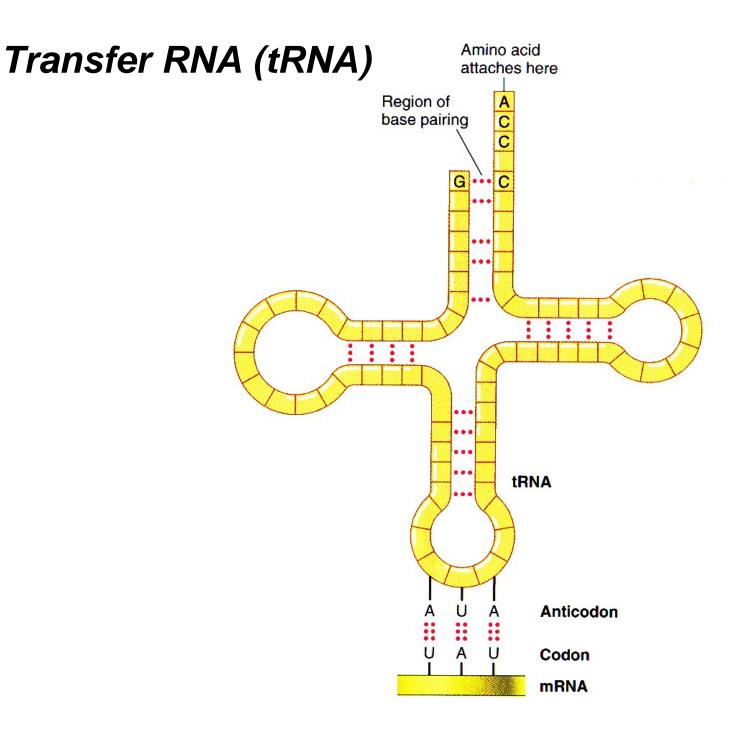


#### Class Skit: Making Proteins @ Ribosomes!

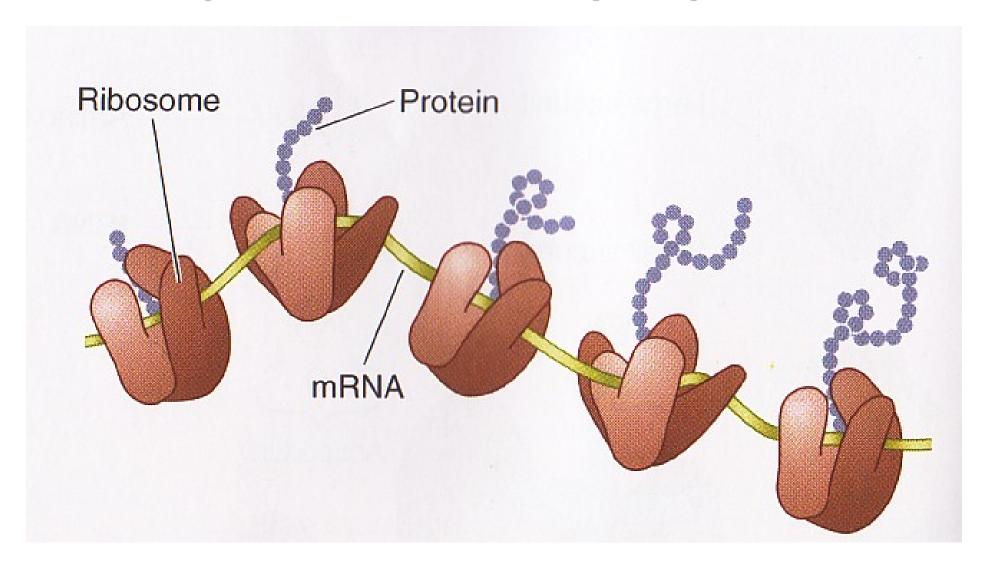








#### A Polyribosome. Which Way is Synthesis?





DISCUSSION, BREAK!

#### Macronutrients & Micronutrients Essential for Life

#### **Macronutrients**

H<sub>2</sub>O/Water

- **√**1º Carbohydrates
- **√** 2º Fats/Triglycerides/Lipids
- **√**3<sup>0</sup> Proteins

#### Sample Food Sources

Water, other drinks, fruits & vegetables Grains, vegetables, fruits, dairy products Meats, full-fat dairy products, oils Meats, vegetables, legumes

Micronutrients NB: Need only minute quantities!

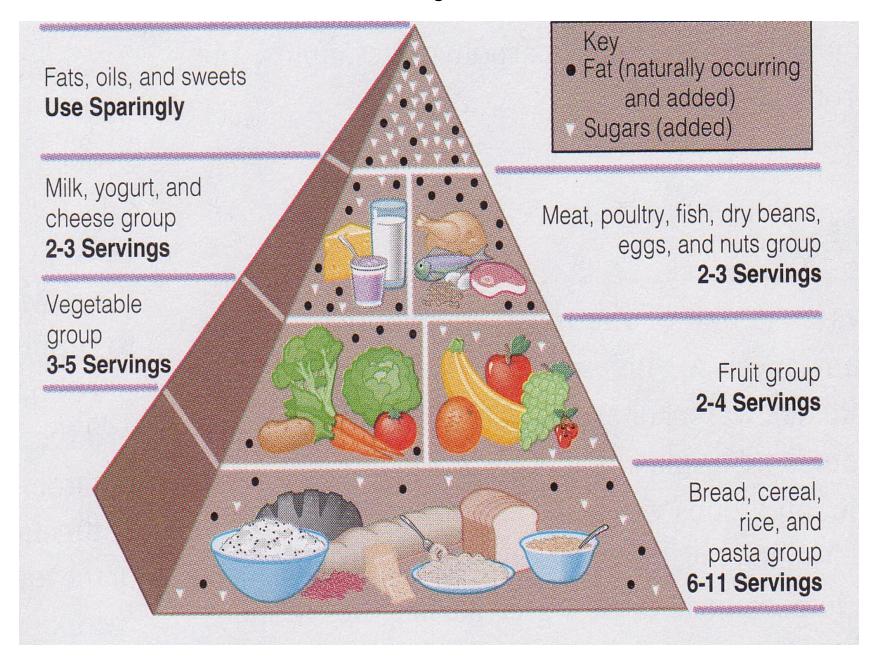
Vitamins (A, D, E, K; C + B)

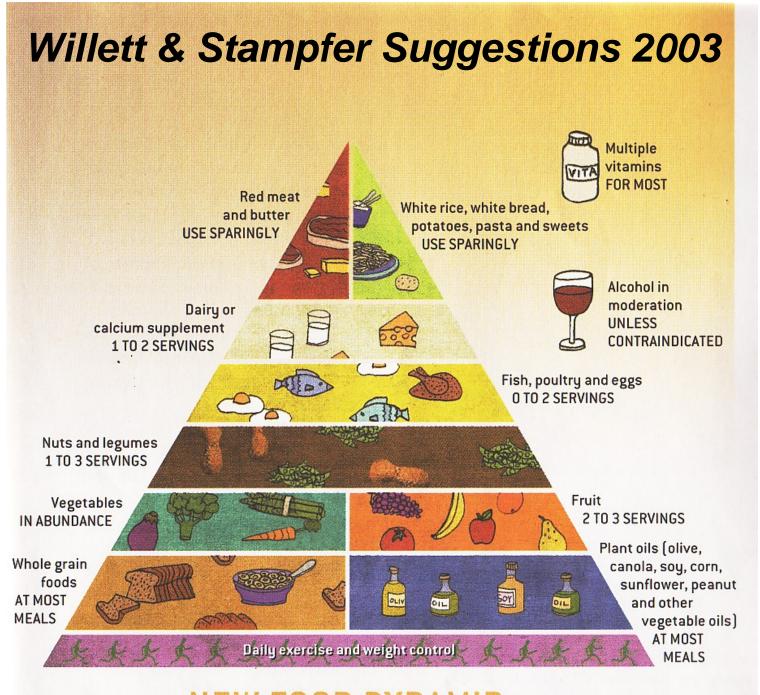
Minerals (K<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup> Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>,....

Vegetables, vegetable oils, fruits, dairy, citrus, grains Fruits, processed foods, dairy, nuts, vegetables, grains, meats

Energy nutrients = yield ATP

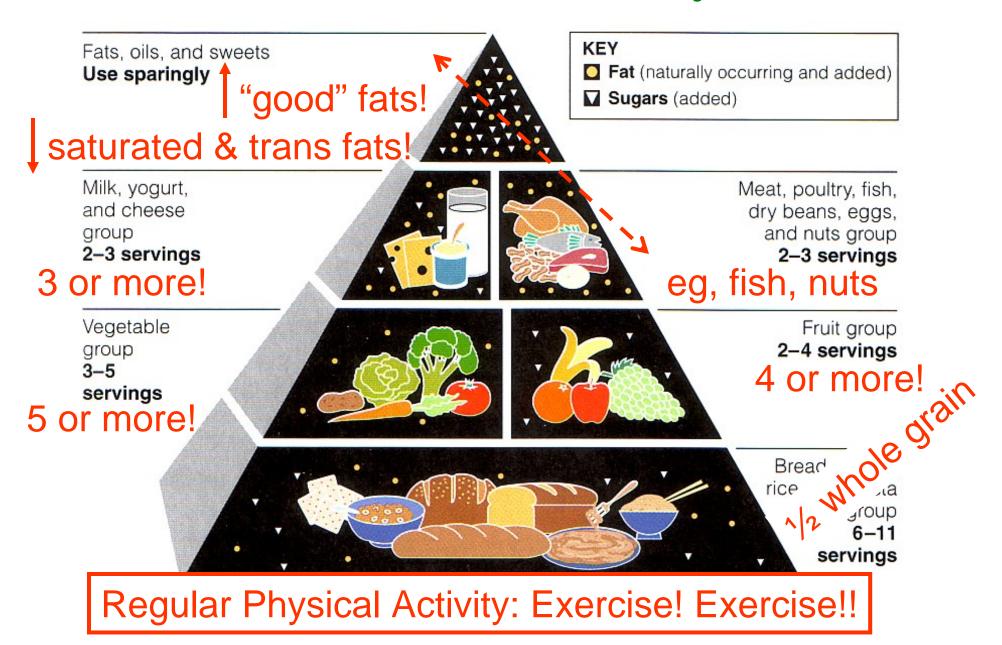
#### **USDA Food Pyramid 1992**





**NEW FOOD PYRAMID** 

#### US Modifications to 1992 Food Pyramid 2005



#### Dietary Guidelines for Americans 2005 Food Guidance System

**Hooray!** 

- 1. 1 emphasis on ↓kcal + 1 exercise. 🙂
- 2. 9-A-Day! 4 fruit + 5 vegetable servings.
- 3.  $\geq$  3 of 6 whole grains  $\longrightarrow \frac{1}{2}$  whole grains!
- 4. 3 servings of dairy, eg 3 c fat-free milk.
- 5.  $\downarrow$  saturated + trans fats +  $\uparrow$  unsaturated/ "good" fats, eg  $\Omega$ -3 fish, walnuts.
- 6. Drink in moderation if at all.
- 7. Practice food safety.

#### MyPlate launches June 2, 2011!

2. Focus on fruits. Whole fruit preferable to juice, but any fruit counts! Fill ½ your plate with fruits & vegetables!



3. Make at least ½ of your grains whole grains!

5. Get your calcium-rich foods. Buy skim or 1% milk. Go easy on cheese!

- 1. Vary your veggies. Fill ½ your plate with fruits & vegetables!
- 4. <u>Go lean with protein</u>. Keep protein to < ¼ plate! Nuts, beans, peas, seeds, poultry, lean meat, seafood,...

#### Diet & Health Guidelines for Cancer Prevention

- 1. Choose a diet rich in variety of plant-based foods.
- 2. Eat plenty of vegetables & fruits.
- 3. Maintain a healthy weight & be physically active.
- 4. Drink alcohol only in moderation, if at all.
- 5. Select foods low in fat & salt.
- 6. Prepare & store food safely.And <u>always</u>, remember...



Do not smoke or use tobacco in any form.

American Institute for Cancer Research (AICR)



## Eating the Rainbow Hawaiian Style!!



Your plate should be the size of a Frisbee, not a manhole cover.

When it comes to colorful foods, Fruit Loops don't count.

A surprising number of people get 1/5 of their calories from sodas or other liquids.

If you look at the label & need a chemistry degree to read it, put the item back on the shelf!



**SOURCE:** P. Rath, *Honolulu Advertiser*, Sept 11, 2008 citing D. Chong & N. Kerr.



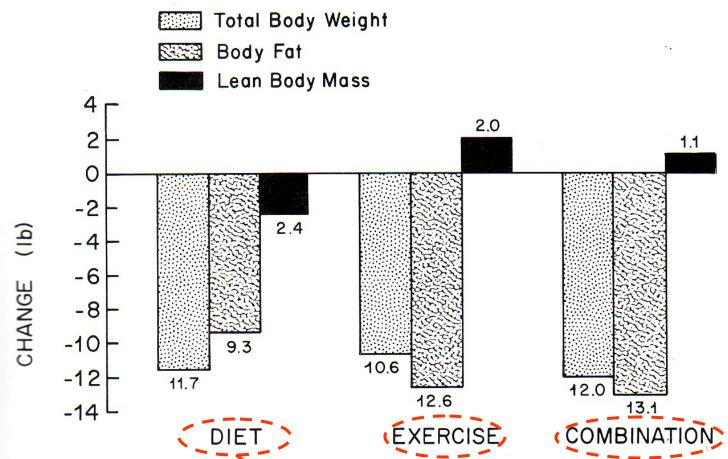


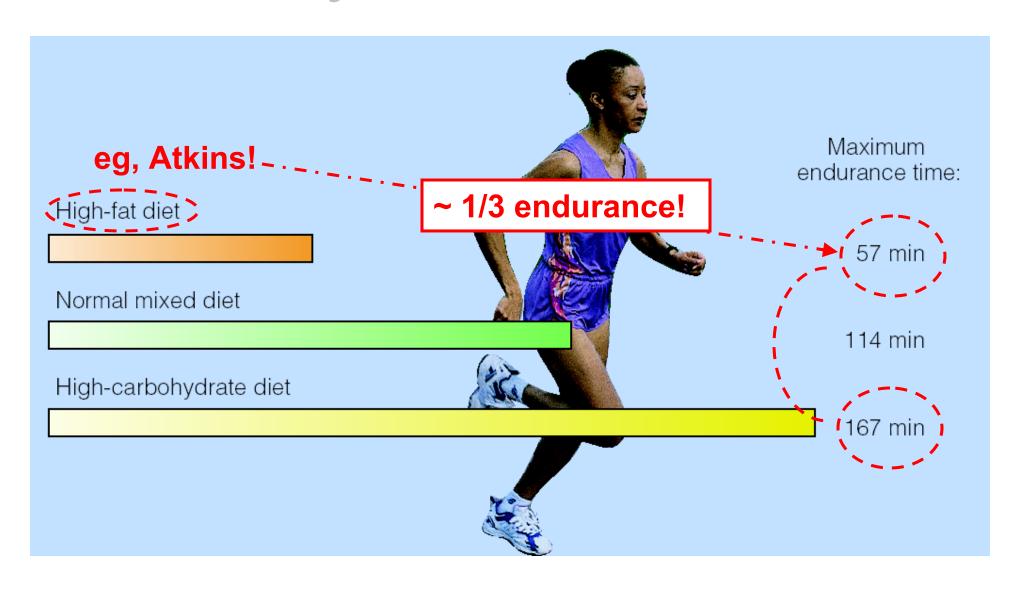
Figure 4–9. Changes in body weight, body fat, and lean body weight for diet, exercise, and combination groups. (From Zuti W. B., and Golding, L. A.: Comparing diet and exercise as weight reduction tools. Phys. Sportsmed. 4:49–53, 1976.)

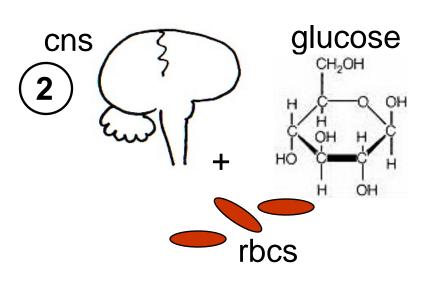
NB: Each group 500 kcal deficit/day, 16 weeks



## Compared to dieting, exercise is superior in inducing % body fat reduction & preserving lean body mass!

## Dietary Composition & Physical Endurance



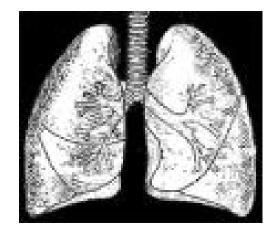




Negative Effects of Low Carbohydrate



- 2 ↓ glucose brain+spinal cord, rbcs thrive upon.
- 3 ↓ variety which reduces intake of phytochemicals, vitamins, minerals & fiber.
- 4 ↑ risk of respiratory infections.



+ gall stones, ↓ thermoregulation...

#### We're better at storing fat vs carbohydrate!





3 % Kcal

**Body Fat** 



23 % Kcal

Dietary Carbohydrate



## To Help Lower Body Wt & %Fat EXERCISE!! + *Minimize* These!!

FAT 9 Kcal/g

ETOH 7 Kcal/g

CARB 4 Kcal/g

PRO 4 Kcal/g

NB: Minimize not Eliminate!

**Moderation** not Abstinence!!



## <u>No Energy Nutrients</u> (No Carbohydrates, Fats or Proteins)

#### <u>ONLY</u>

- 1.Water
- 2. Vitamins
- 3. Minerals

60-day Fast???

Lost 60 lb!! Wow!!

76.7% 26 lb Water
20 lb Lean Body Mass
14 lb Fat
Fat < 1/4 total wt loss!

You can lose weight by starving – but it's mostly water & muscle! Also, there can be complications!

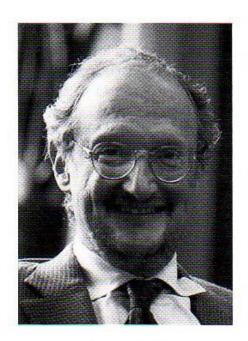


# Potential Complications of Total Fasting Nausea, diarrhea, persistent vomiting, postural hypotension, nutritional deficiencies, menstrual irregularities, and...sudden death.

Positive Aspect??
General loss of appetite within first 2 days, maintained throughout fasting period.

## Council on Nutrition, Physical Activity and Metabolism (NPAM) Spring 2009





## Dietary Carbohydrate, Fat and Protein in Weight-Loss Diets: A Report and Insider's Reflections on the Pounds Lost Trial

Frank M. Sacks, MD

ell-controlled studies of energy-reduced diets conducted in controlled environments showed that the macronutrient composition of the diet did not affect weight loss (1). Nonetheless, theories persisted that specific macronutrients would be superior for weight loss. For example, the traditional paradigm for low-fat, high-carbohydrate diets was based on the lower energy density of carbohydrate compared to fat, and the metabolic efficiency of converting dietary fat to body fat (2). Indeed strict vegetarians sustain lower body weight for

years on low-fat diets (3). However, meaningful differences in body weight usually were not achieved in population-based trials of conventional low-fat diets (4). Thus, higher-fat, Mediterranean-style diets were proposed to be better for long-term weight loss because of their variety and satisfaction. Two trials found

that Mediterranean diets were superior to low-fat diets for weight loss (5,6). Others claimed that a radically different approach that used low-carbohydrate, high-fat, and high-protein foods could produce weight loss without attention to reducing intake because of the satiety of protein-rich foods. Low-carbohydrate diets succeeded in the first few months with more rapid weight loss than low-fat diets but by one year, none of the trials found that weight loss on low-carbohydrate

Continued on page 26

#### Dr. Sacks' Conclusions:

We conclude that healthful diets with varying emphases on carbohydrate, fat & protein levels can all achieve clinically meaningful weight loss & maintenance of weight loss over a 2-yr period. The results give people who need to lose weight the flexibility to choose a diet that they can stick with, as long as it's heart healthy. Such diets can also be tailored for individuals based on their personal & cultural preferences & in this regard may have the best chance for long-term success.

## US Dietary Recommended Intakes (DRI) Committee Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Ranges (AMDR)!

**Energy Nutrient** % Total Calories

Carbohydrate 45-65%

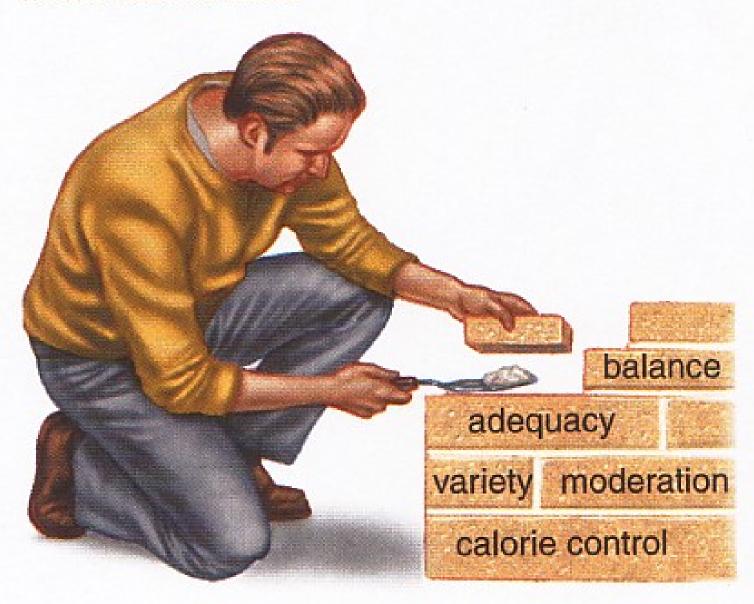
Fat 20-35%

**Protein** 10-35%

#### Emphasize ABCs + Variety & Moderation!



All of these factors help to build a nutritious diet.



JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2004 VOLUME 31 / NUMBER 1 CENTER FOR SCIENCE IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST

HUNGER-FR

\$2.50

## ACTION

HEALTH LETTER

By Bonnie Liebman

nd then there were three.
For years,
Dr. Atkins' New
Diet Revolution

has dominated best-seller lists.
But by last November, Atkins
had company. Dr. Phil's The
Ultimate Weight Solution had
cracked the top ten. And
The South Beach Diet sat
comfortably at number one.
Where it should be.

South Beach isn't perfect.

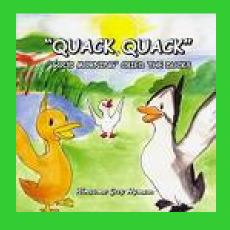
Its rationale has some flaws.

And just because people buy a self-help book, you can't assume that they'll follow its advice (or we'd all be trim, sculpted, happily married, wealthy, and living a purpose-driven life).

But for the first time in a long time, one of the most popular weight-loss books is recommending a healthy diet. Whether it helps those unwanted pounds disappear any better than other

diets is another question.

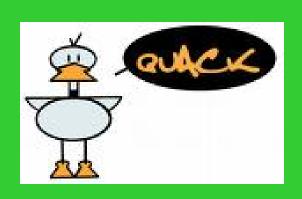
(Continued on page 3)







### Nutrition Quackery?







#### Kleiner's & Monaco's Top 10 Hit List for Nutrition Quackery

- 1. Treatment based on <u>unproven theory</u> calling for non-toxic, painless therapy.
- 2. Author's/purveyor's <u>credentials aren't recognized</u> in scientific community.
- 3. No reports in scientific, peer-reviewed literature but rather mass media used for marketing.
- 4. Purveyors claim <u>medical establishment is against them</u> & play on public's paranoia about phantom greed of medical establishment.
- 5. Treatments, potions, drugs manufactured according to <u>secret</u> <u>formula</u>.
- 6. Excessive claims promising <u>miraculous cures</u>, disease prevention or life extension.
- 7. Emotional images rather than facts used to support claims.
- 8. Treatments <u>require special nutritional support</u> including health food products, vitamins and/or minerals.
- 9. Clients are cautioned about discussing program to avoid negative.
- 10. Programs based on <u>drugs or treatments not labeled</u> for such use.

#### NOT PEER-REVIEWED =

TRADE BOOKS



PEERREVIEWED =
TEXTS →
RESEARCH

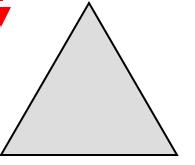








LOWER CARBOHYDRATE



ELIMINATE CALORIES or FOOD GROUPS ENCOURAGE FASTING LOWER FAT

ADEQUACY
BALANCE
CONSISTENCY
& MODERATION